# Incorporating the CPT Into Mn/dot Site Investigations

## Or, How We Replaced a Small Track Rig



## **SPT** Correlations

- Friction angle
- Undrained strength
- Relative density
- Bearing capacity
- Pile end bearing in sands

## SPT CORRELATIONS Cont.

- Pile skin friction in sands
- Pile end bearing in clays
- Pile skin friction in clays

## **Do More Faster With Less**

- Workload is increasing
- Workforce is decreasing
- Desired response time decreasing



## New Track



## Motivation for the "Cone"

- Speed of investigations, 5x-10x faster, lab work eliminated
- The fall of "N60" as sufficient information to predict all things
- Less labor intensive; 2-person field crew and less wear/tear on personnel
- Continuous soil profile
- Fast response and results for "discoveries" at time of construction

## Mn/dot's Experience With CPT

- Demo project (1999)
- Consultant projects (2000) (AET)
- Equipment purchasing & testing (2001)



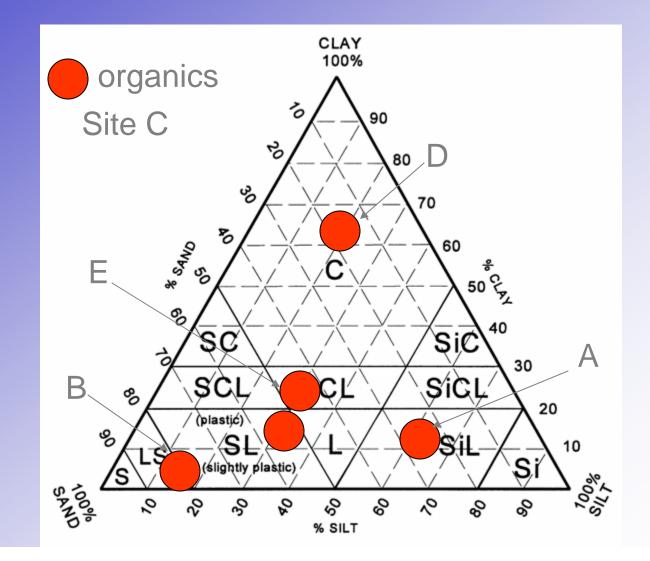
## Goals of Demo. Project

- Will CPT would work in Minnesota's glacial soils
- What are depth and relative density limitations of CPT
- How could we use CPT data
- What should we buy

## Plan

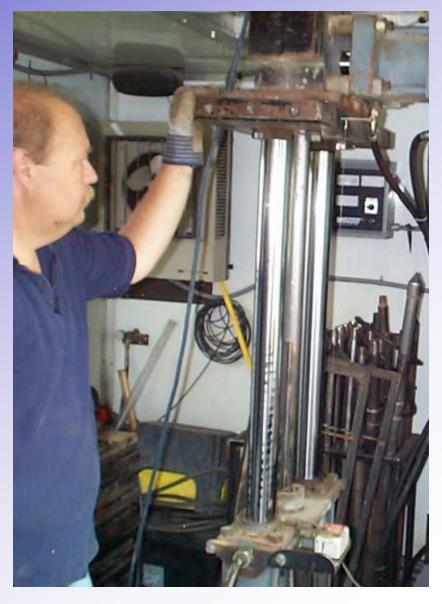
- Hire experienced CPT consultant
- Push CPT next to existing borings
- Evaluate equipment and data

## Soils for Demo Sites



## Push System





## **Conclusions** From Demo

- CPT works in Minnesota glacial soils
- Amount of data is overwhelming (software)
- Prelim. Est. Of geotechnical parameters
- Design: must calibrate with conventional borings (lab tests, local geology)
- Great for swamps, shallow foundations



## Consultant Add-on CPT











## **CPT #3**

### To Arrive Spring of 2006

## **General Relationships**

- Granular soils high tip resistance, high sleeve friction, low friction ratio
- Cohesive soils low tip resistance, high sleeve friction, high friction ratio
- Organics very low tip, very low sleeve, very high friction ratio

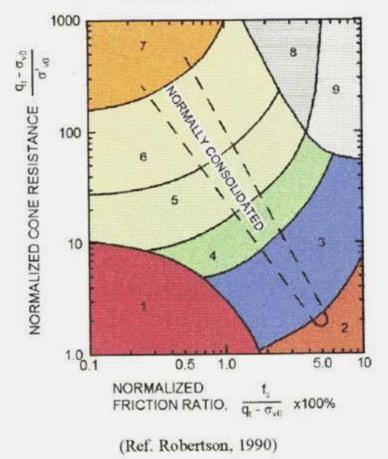
## Soil Behavior Type

#### Not a formal classification method

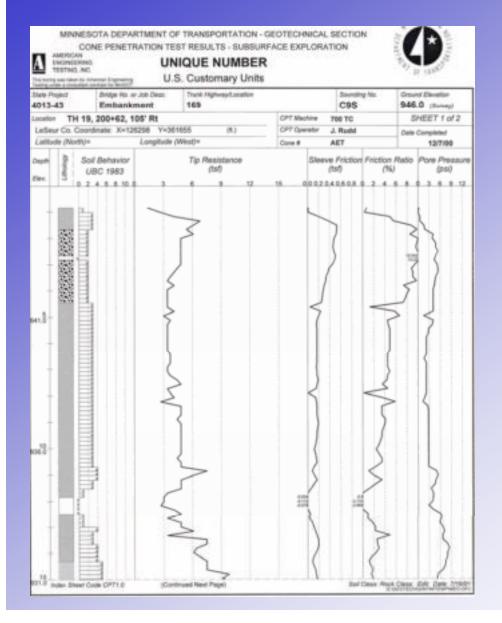


(\*) Heavily Overconsolidated or Cemented

#### Normalized Friction Ration Classification Chart

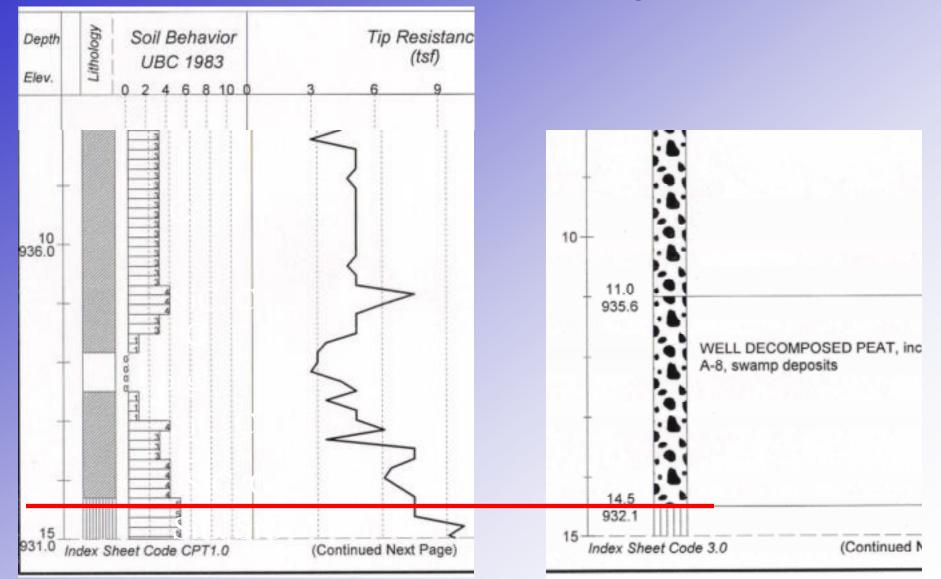


## **CPT Sounding / Boring Log**

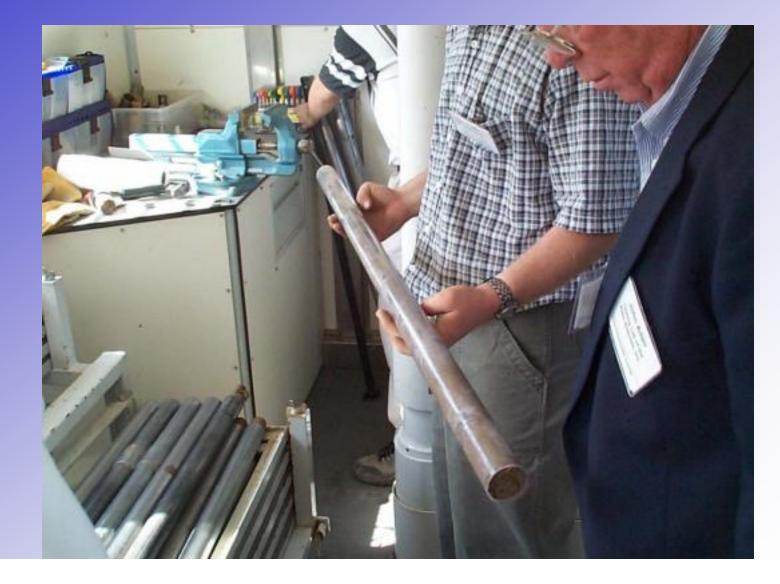


			Bridge No. or Just Deal. Nunk High-explanation Embankment TH169/TH19 Interchange			ge			Buring No. B9		Ground Elevation 946.6 (Survey)	
						Chill Machine				_	SHEET 1 of 3	
Co. Coordinate: X=125302 Y=361656 (ft.)						omer Ca	omatic Calibrated			Drilling Completed 12/7/		
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ž.	Depth	3			_8	Neo	(74)	(pat)	(100)	8	Or Remark	-
DEPTN	Elev.	3	Classification			REC (%)	RQD (%)	ACL (h)	Core Breaks		Formation or Member	
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	2.0		WELL DECOMPOSED PEAT, black, moist, A-8, swemp deposits		Ŧ		328					
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10	11.0				1		114			Lanses of gray loamy si below 5.5'		
			WELL DECOMPOSED PE A-8, swamp-deposits	IAT, includes shelfs, gray, mo	4 0000		140					

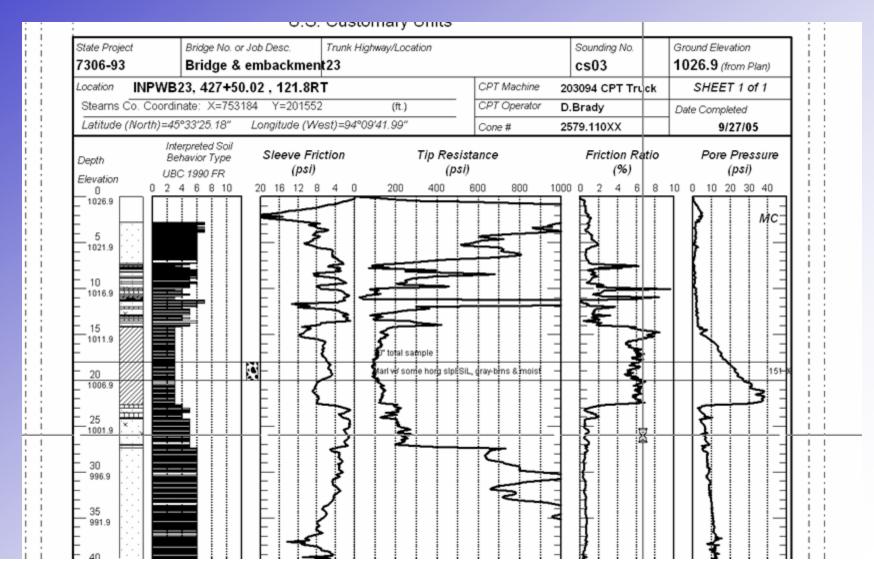
## CPT Vs. Boring



## Soil Sampler

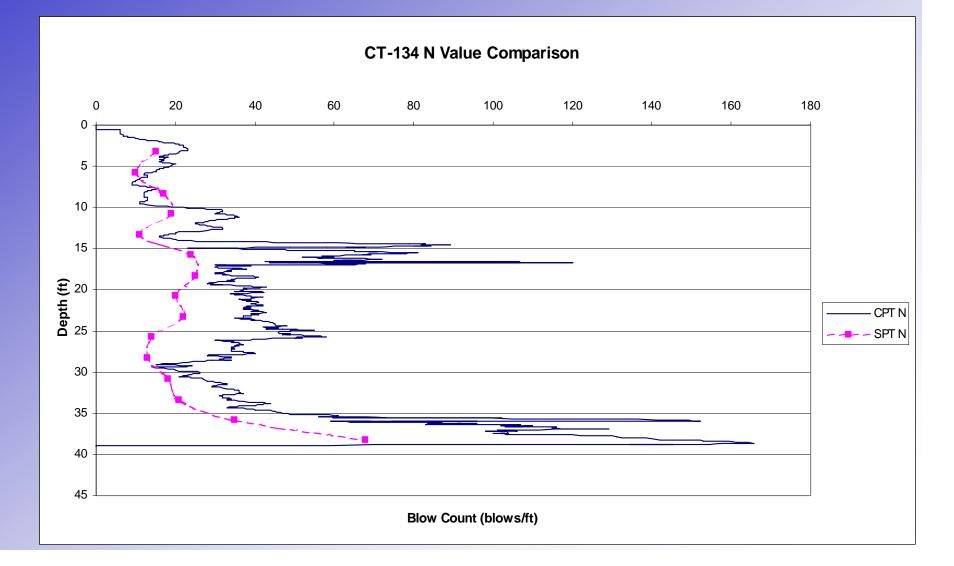


## Sampler



# Where Is the Blow Count?

## N Value Comparison



## Advantages

- Immediate results (no lab work)
- Footage (150-500 ft/day, 5-10x faster)
- Continuous soil profile
- Pore water pressure measurements
- Great tool for preliminary investigations
- Can define a 'hard layer' as a supplement to SPT



## Disadvantages

- No samples
- Rocks, concrete, rubble
- Depth limitations (friction, tip, buckling)

• Electronics!	ERROR - Opening file
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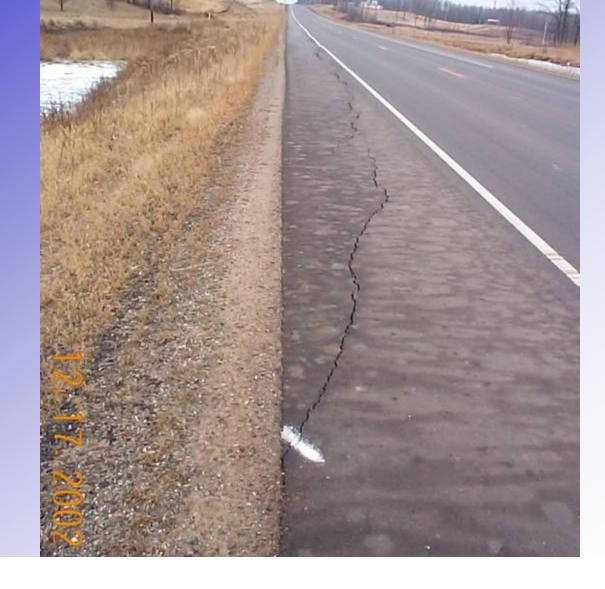
## **Roadway Investigation**

## During Construction

R. M. M.



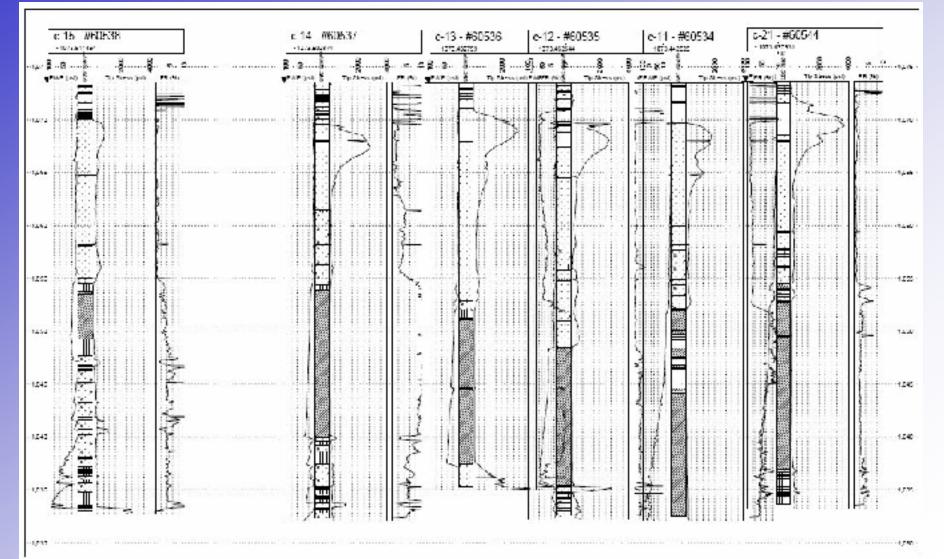
## **Post Construction Investigation**

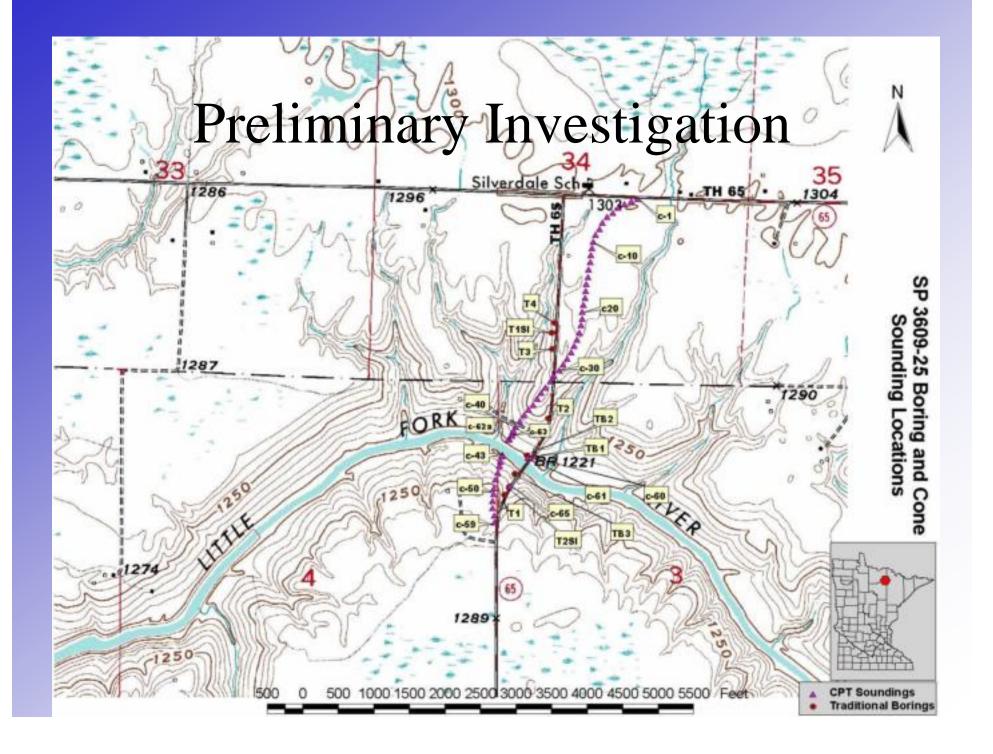


## Oops



## **CPT** Profile





## Quantity Determination

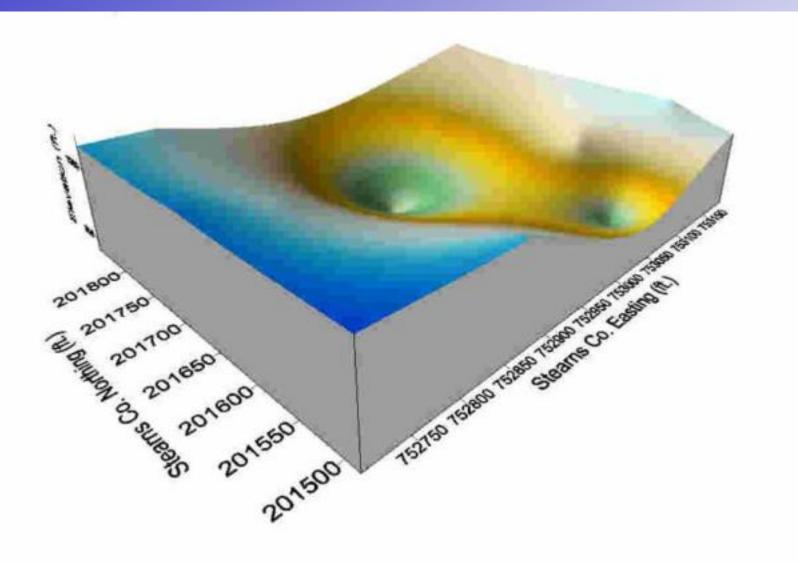


# 0 Sinkhole Investigation

#### Looking for Top of Rock



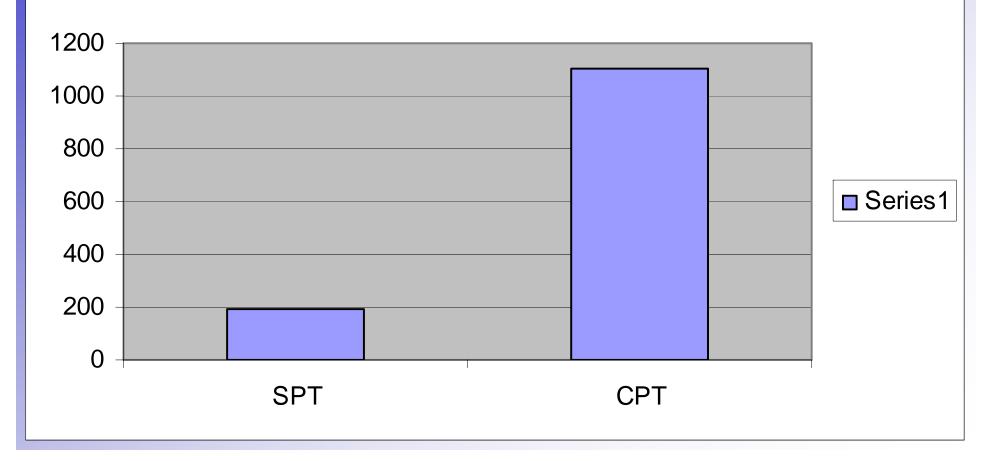
#### **3D** Plot Based on CPT Data



# The Downside

#### **More Information to Process**





Sealing

# Early Grouting Attempt

#### Pan With Grout and Probe

72 16. 2002

### Grout Adapter

# Grout Adapter With Probe

10 101

## Insert for Grout System

### Rods in Rack With Grout System

#### Where Next?

- CPT for preliminary
  - Targeted sampling
  - Targeted testing
- Dilatometer

#### What Is Needed?

- Presenting data to various interests
  - Structural engineers
  - Contractors
  - Non-geotechnical interests
- Design methods using CPT data directly

#### Minnesota?



#### Any Questions?



Thanks for your attention, and participation in the seminar.

