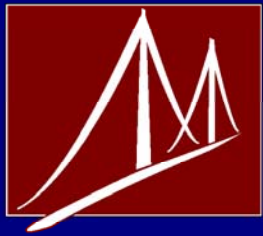


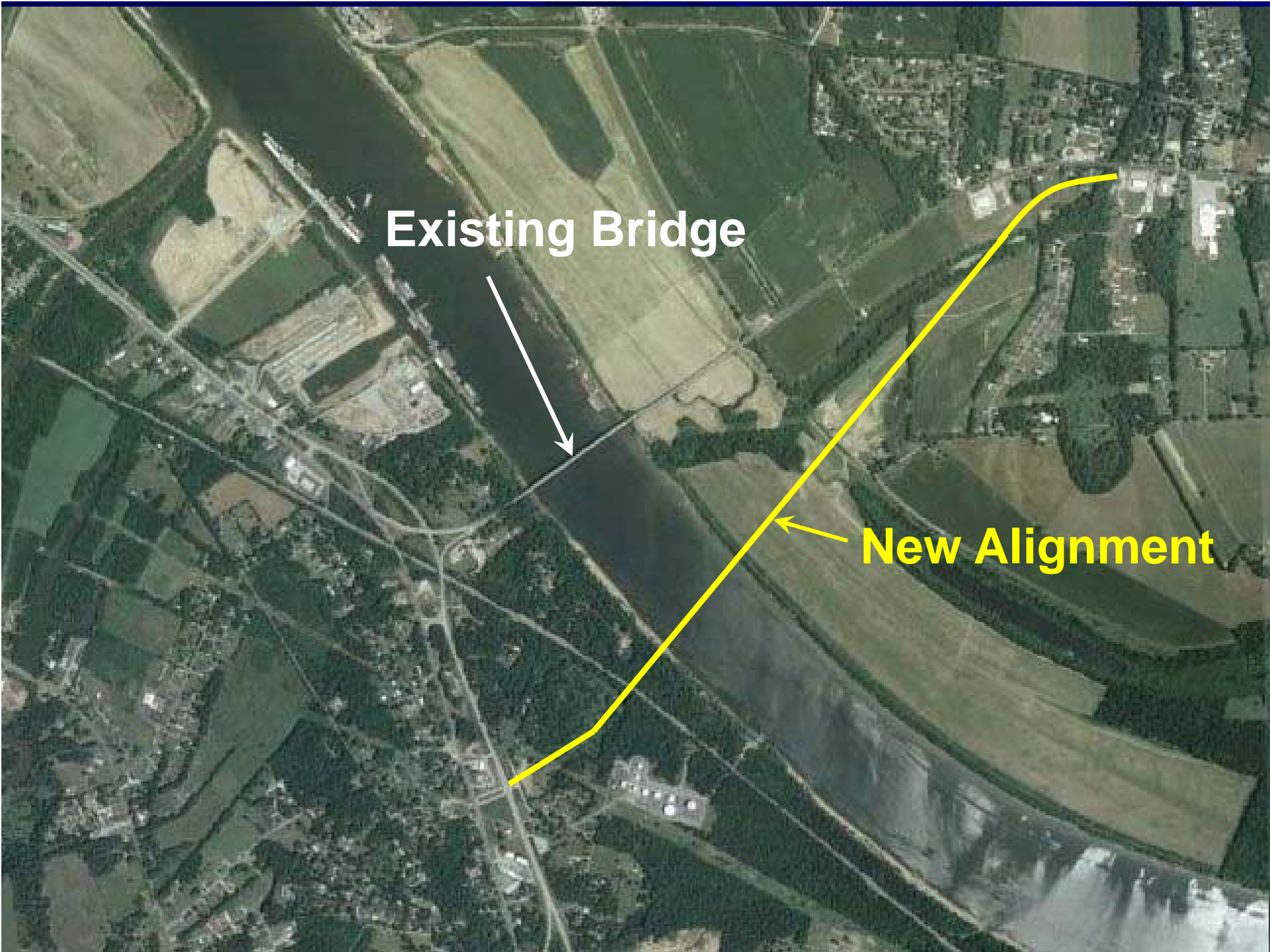
Foundation Design and
Construction
for the
Reidland-Smithland Road Bridge
USR 60 over Tennessee River



C.J. MahanTM
Construction Company



the Challenge. the Choice.

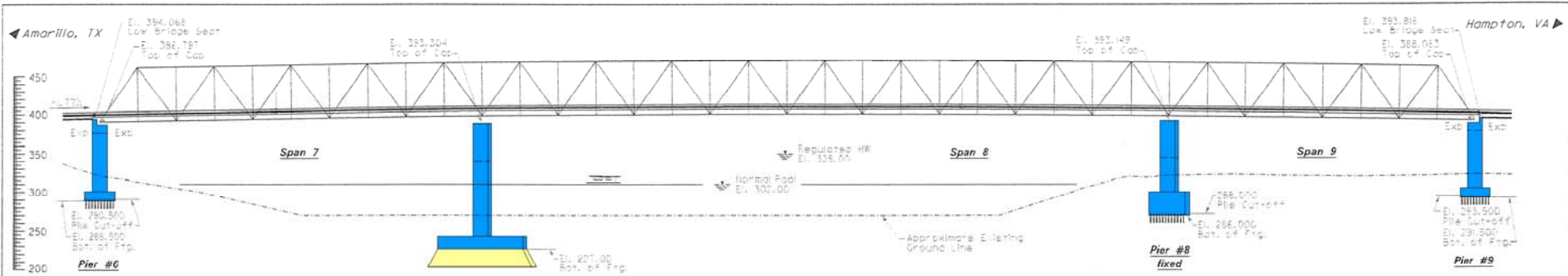


Existing Bridge



New Alignment





ELEVATION

110'-0" 5 x 125'-0" PPC I-Beam, Type 5, Spans Continuous for Live Load;
 500'-0" 900'-0" 400'-0" Through Truss Continuous for Live Load;
 8 x 143'-6" PPC I-Beam, Type 8 Continuous for Live Load
 HS25 Live Load ~ 74'-8" Shoulder Width @ Bridge
 0' Skew ~ 66'-8" Bridge Roadway Width ~ 2:1 Fill Slopes

199 + 00.000

± 420.93'
 30' V. C.

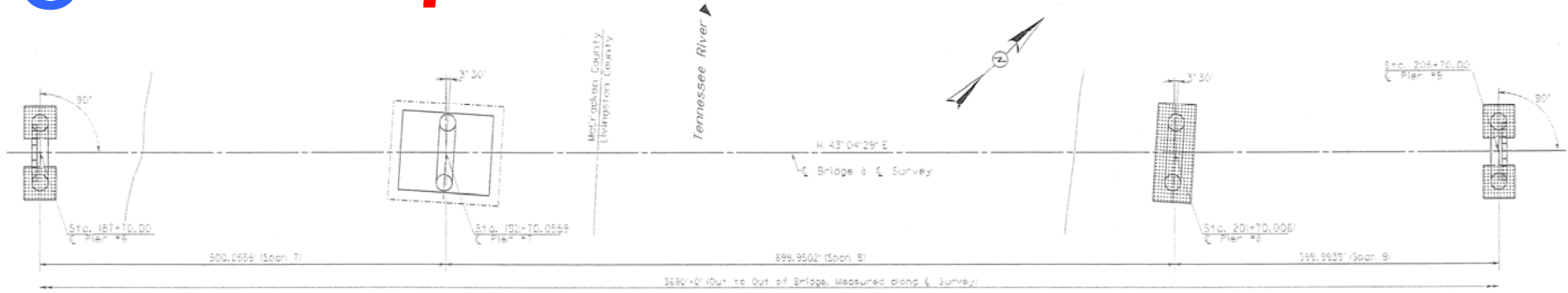
-2.70%

6

7

8

9



PLAN

~Superstructure not shown~

VOID COMMENTS
 BECAUSE OF THE ADDITION OF NEW DETAILS FOR THE PIER 7 DESIGN BUILD AND PIERS 6, 8 AND 9 VALUE ENGINEERING PLAN MODIFICATIONS, THIS SHEET IS TO BE DELETED, SEE REPLACEMENT SHEET S4.1

ITEM NUMBER
 1-1115.06

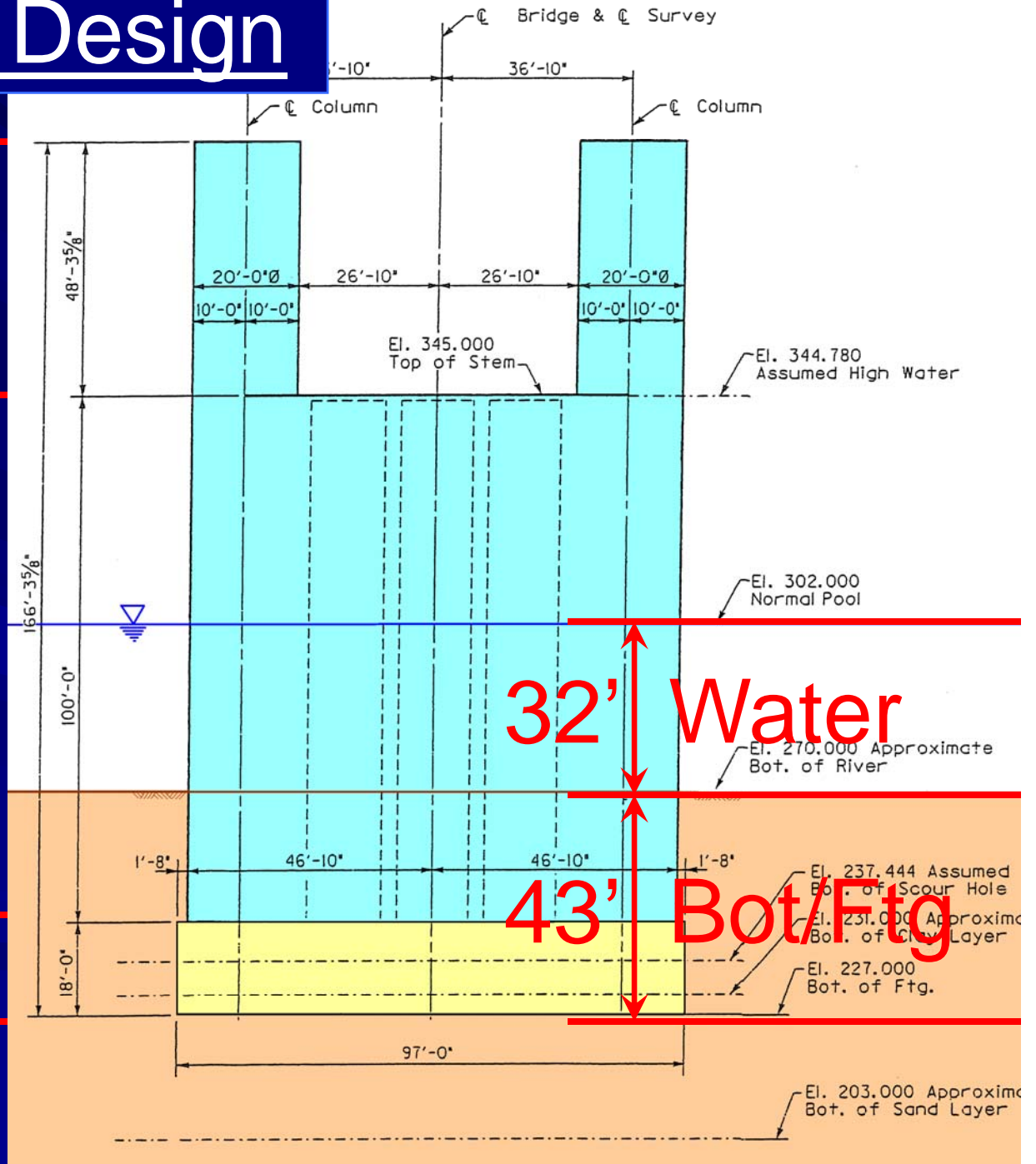
REVISION	DATE
DESIGNED BY: A. Frank	CHECKED BY: K. Senefer
DATE: July 2005	
DETAILED BY: W. T. Mathews	A. Frank
Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS	
COUNTY McCRACKEN / LIVINGSTON	
ROUTE US 60	CROSSING Tennessee River
LAYOUT	
PREPARED BY Division of Bridge Design A. Frank	SHEET NO. S4 DRAWING NO. 25234

Original Pier 7 Design

48' Column

100' Stem

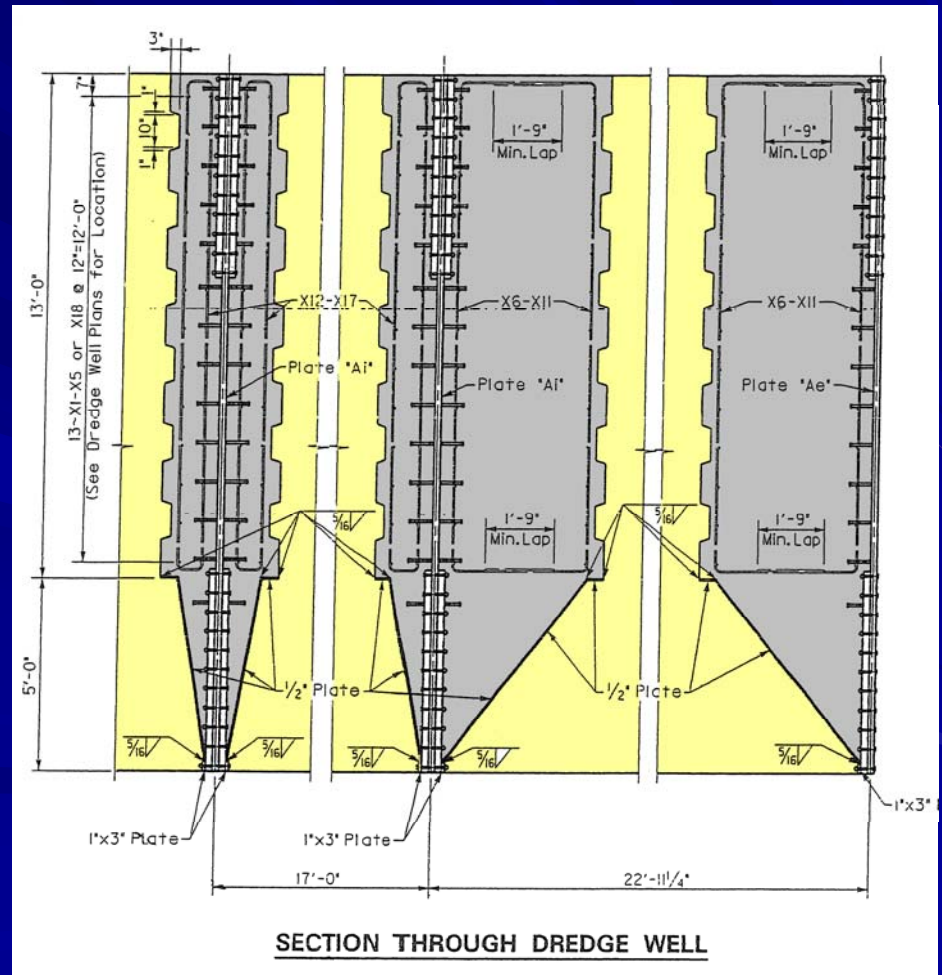
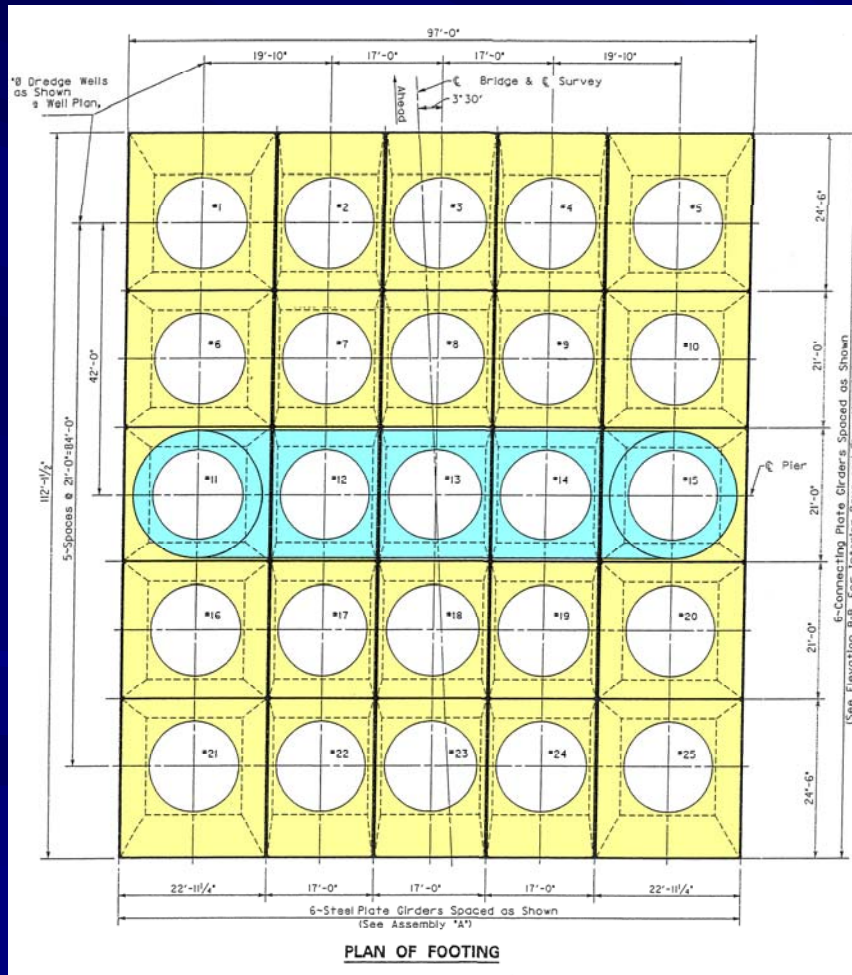
18' Footing



Plan Method: Dredge Well Caisson

3.1 Million Pounds of Structural Steel
\$4.5 Million Fabrication Cost

CYTC: Design Build Option



Bid Results

Engineers Estimate: \$23.7 M

American Bridge: \$45.8 M

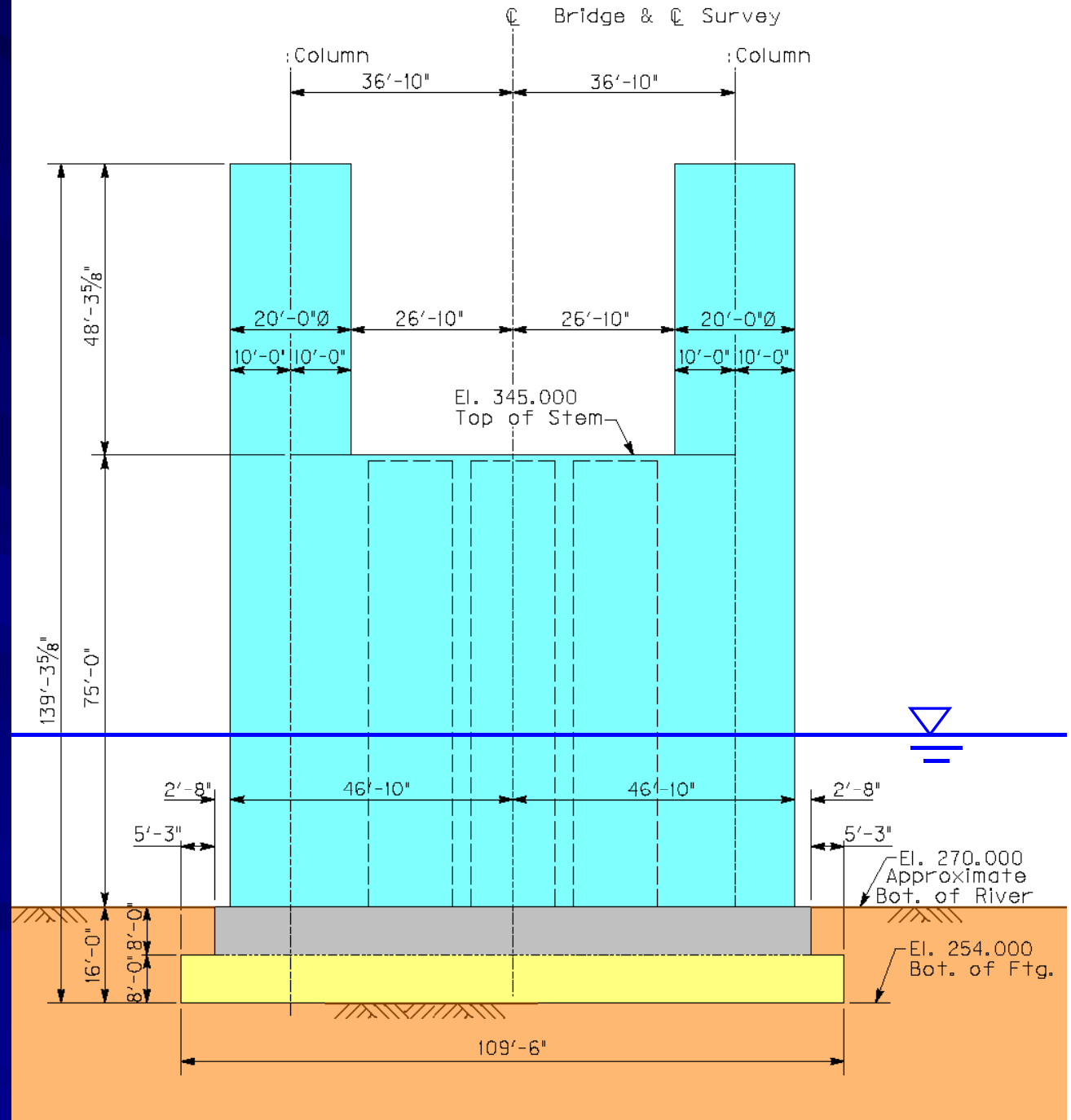
Massman Construction Co.: \$39.4 M

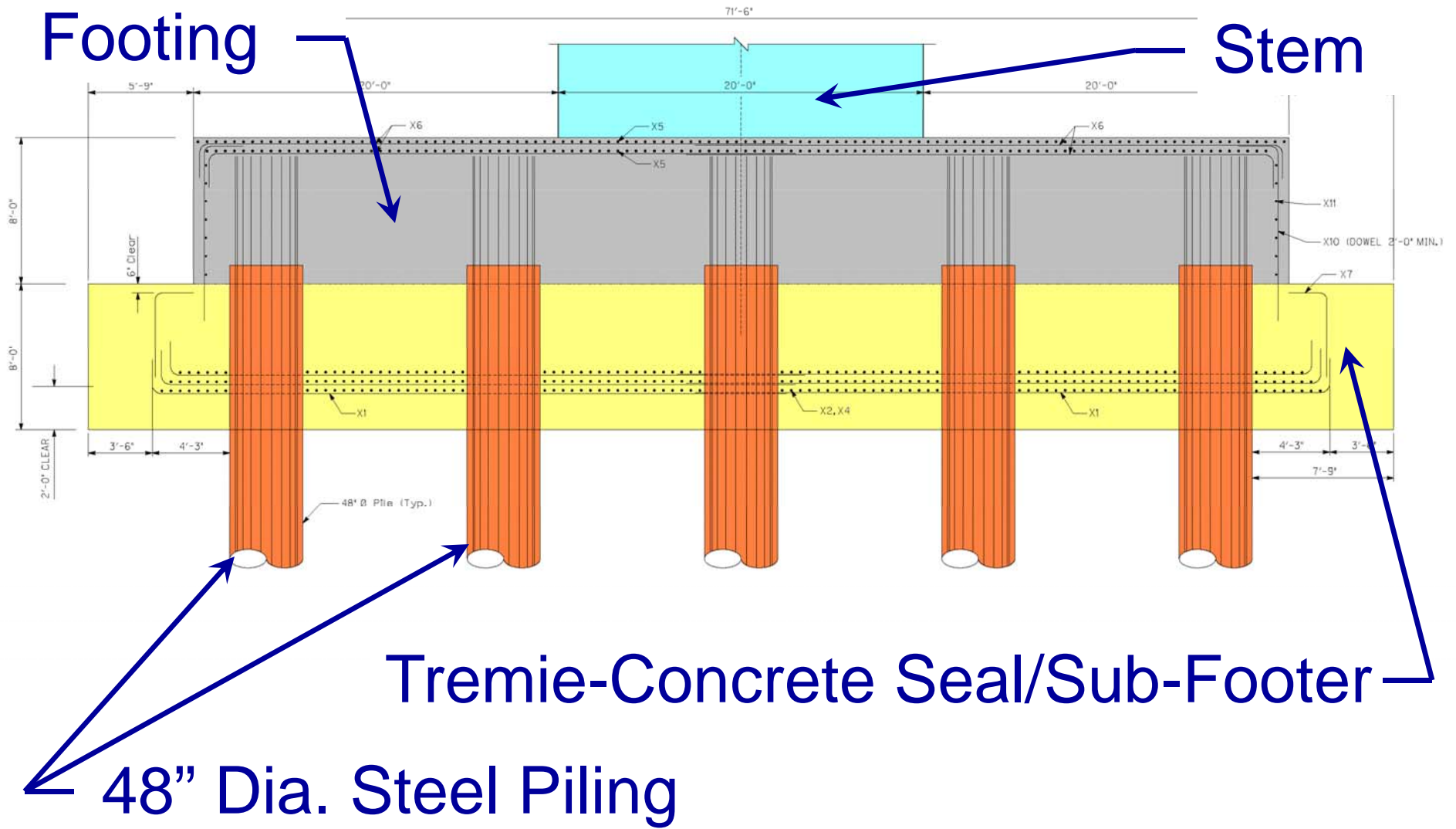
C. J. Mahan Construction Co.: \$28.4 M

Pier 7



Design-Build Alternate for Pier 7

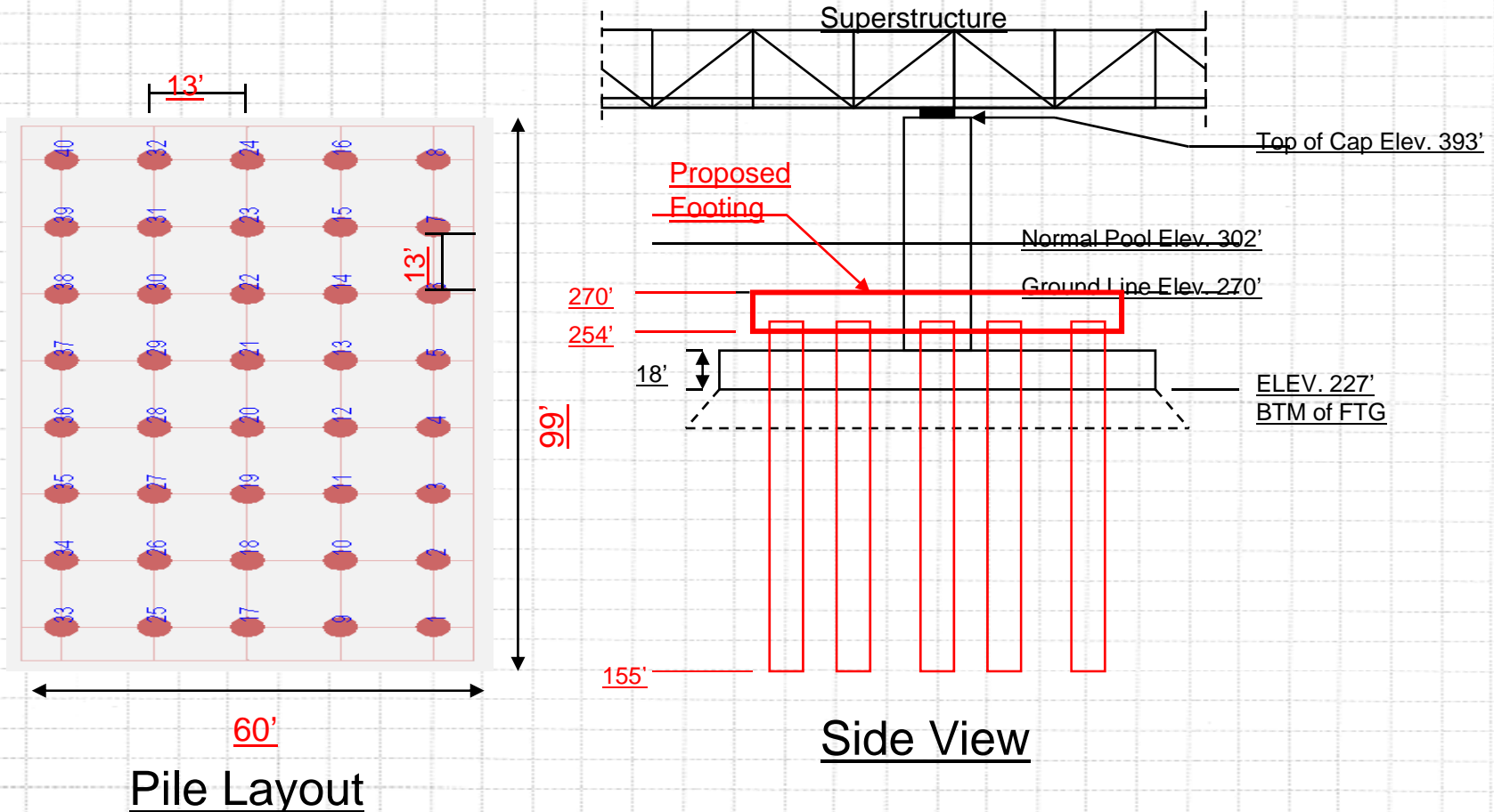




Design – Build Foundation at Pier 7

PIER 7 Top of Footing at Mudline

A scour evaluation was performed, the scour depth was determined to be 35 feet



Design Logic for a Pile Foundation

- Determine a preferred minimum depth for the cofferdam
- Address scour concerns
- Establish a design footing elevation
- Establish an acceptable construction procedure
- Do not use a traditional cofferdam concrete seal

Pile Group Uplift Capacity

Weight of
Structural
Tremie = 9200
Kips



the Challenge. the Choice.
6000 Memorial Drive • Dublin, Ohio 43017
614-923-7473 • Fax 614-799-8311

JOB US-60 over Tennessee River
SHEET NO. 3 OF 3
CALCULATED BY J.N. DATE 4/14/2006
CHECKED BY DATE
SCALE PIER 7 Design Build

PIER 7 Piles Uplift Capacity

Assumptions:

1. The average total unit weight of the pile and soil is 137 pcf.
2. The effective weight of the soil and pile is 75 pcf or 0.075 kcf. (buoyancy weight)
3. The unit shear on the perpendicular surface of the group is assumed 1 ksf.
4. The scourable depth of 30 feet was not included in the uplift capacity evaluation. The pile length below scour bottom is 85 feet.

AASHTO 17th Edition Section 4.5.6.6

Use 48" diameter open ended Pipe Piles

The design uplift capacity of a single pile = .333 x ultimate frictional capacity determined by static analysis

From Static Analysis, the ultimate frictional capacity of a single pile is 4800 Kips.

The design uplift capacity of a single pile = 1600 Kips

AASHTO Section 4.5.6.6.2 design capacity of a pile group is the lesser of:

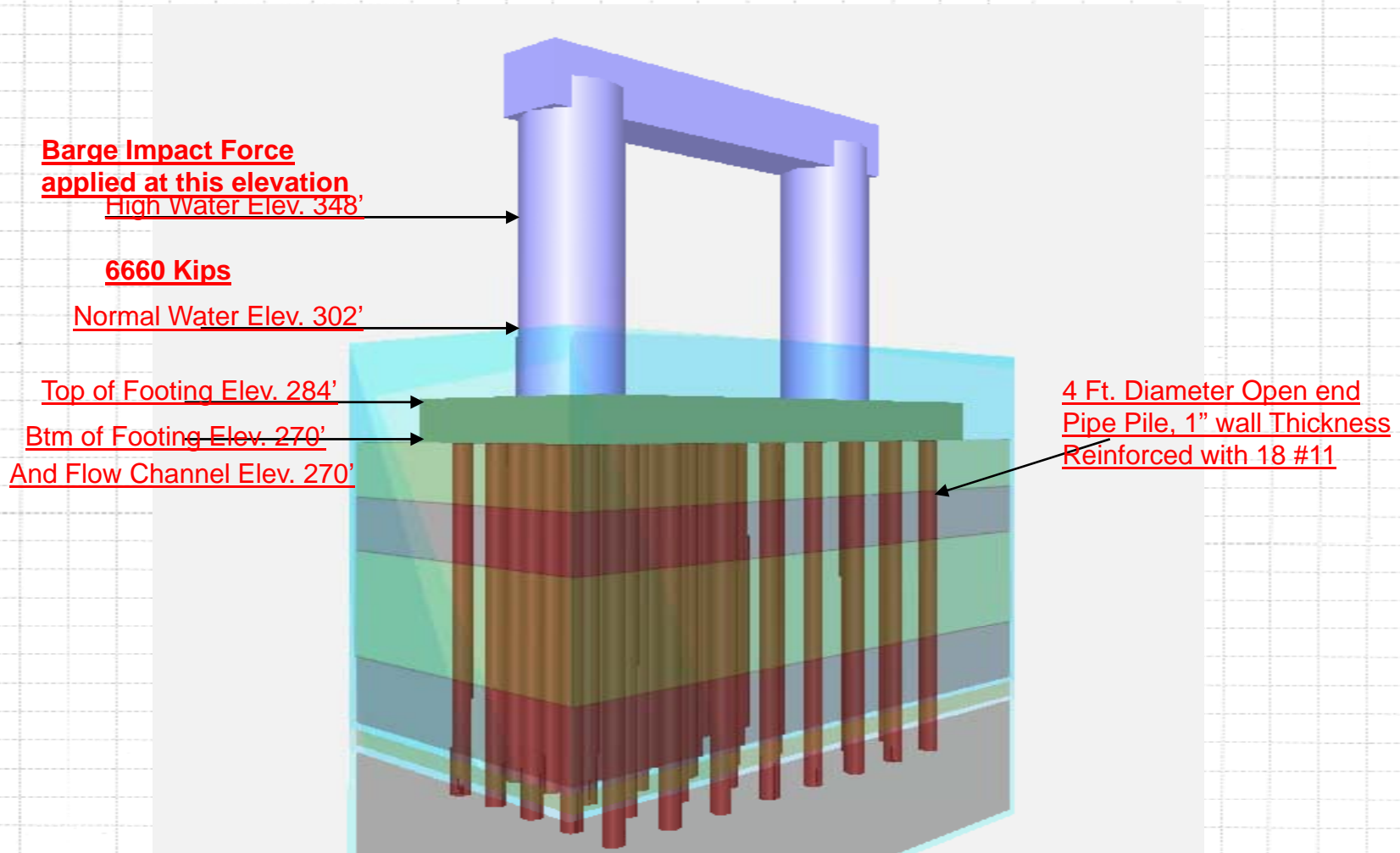
1. The single pile uplift design capacity multiplied by the number of piles in the group.
2. Two-third of the effective weight of the pile group and the soil contained within a block defined by the perimeter of the group and the embedded length of the piles.
3. One-half the effective weight of the pile group and the soil contained within a block defined by the perimeter of the group and the embedded pile length plus one-half the total soil shear on the perpendicular surface of the group.

Design capacity of a pile group is the smaller of:

1. $40 \times 1600 = 64,000$ Kips.
2. $(2/3) \times (95 \times 56 \times 85 \times (.075)) = 22,610$ Kips.
3. $(1/2) \times (95 \times 56 \times 100 \times (.075)) + 2 \times (56 + 95) \times 100 \times 1 = 19,995 + 30200 = 50,195$ Kips

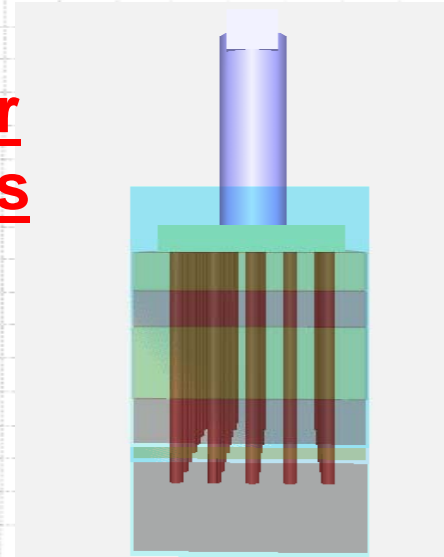
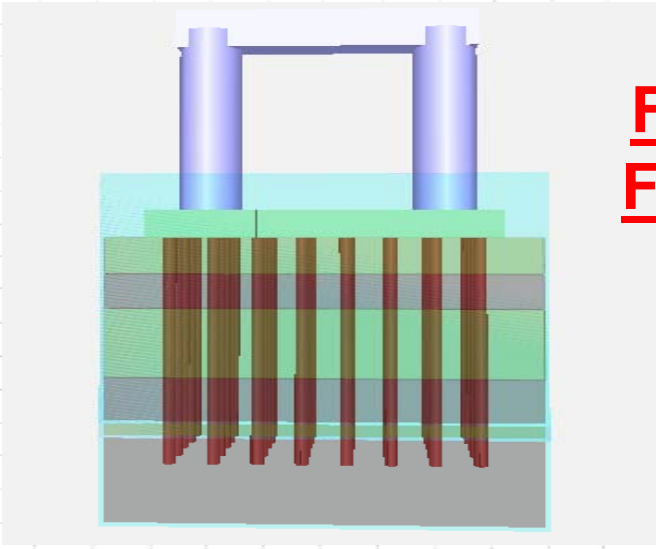
USE a design uplift capacity of the pile group = 22,610 Kips

48" Diameter CIP Open Ended Pipe Piles



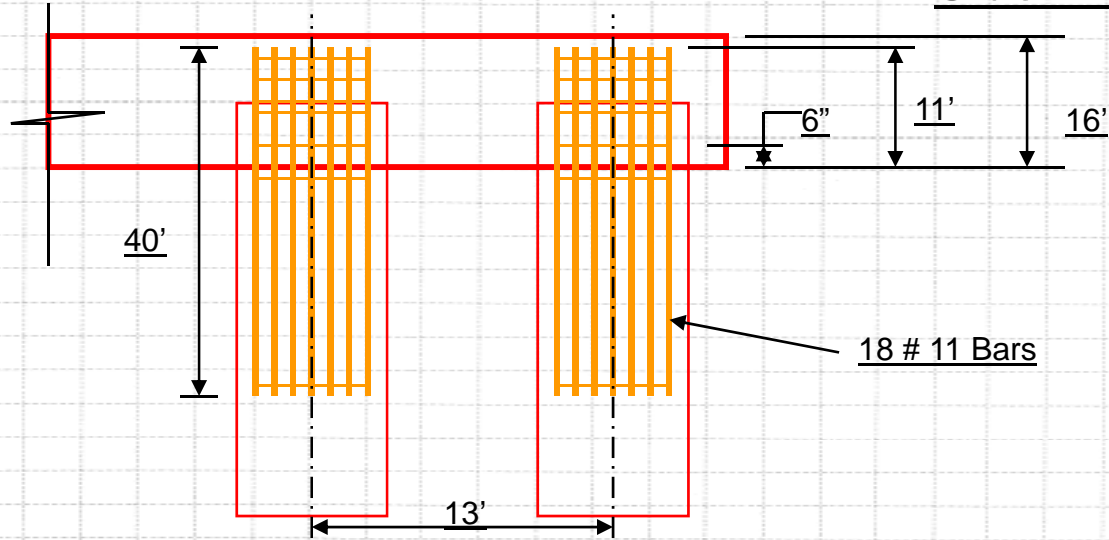
3-Dimensional view of Pier 7

FB-Multi Pier
FEM Analysis



Front View

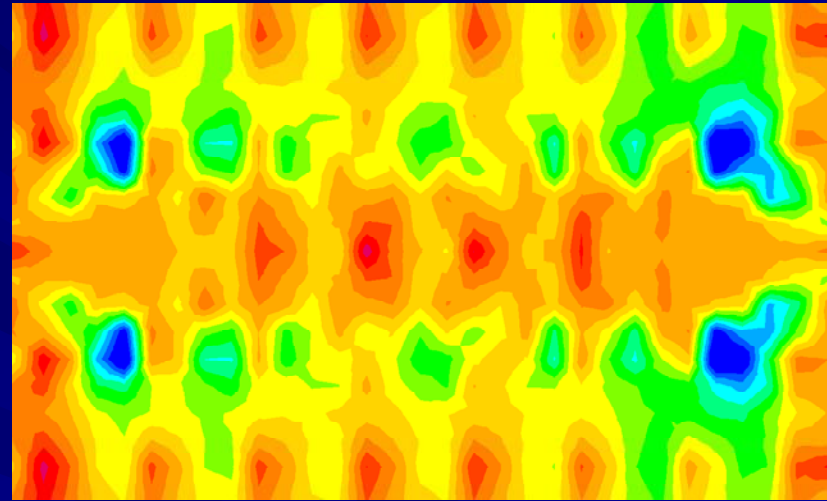
Side View



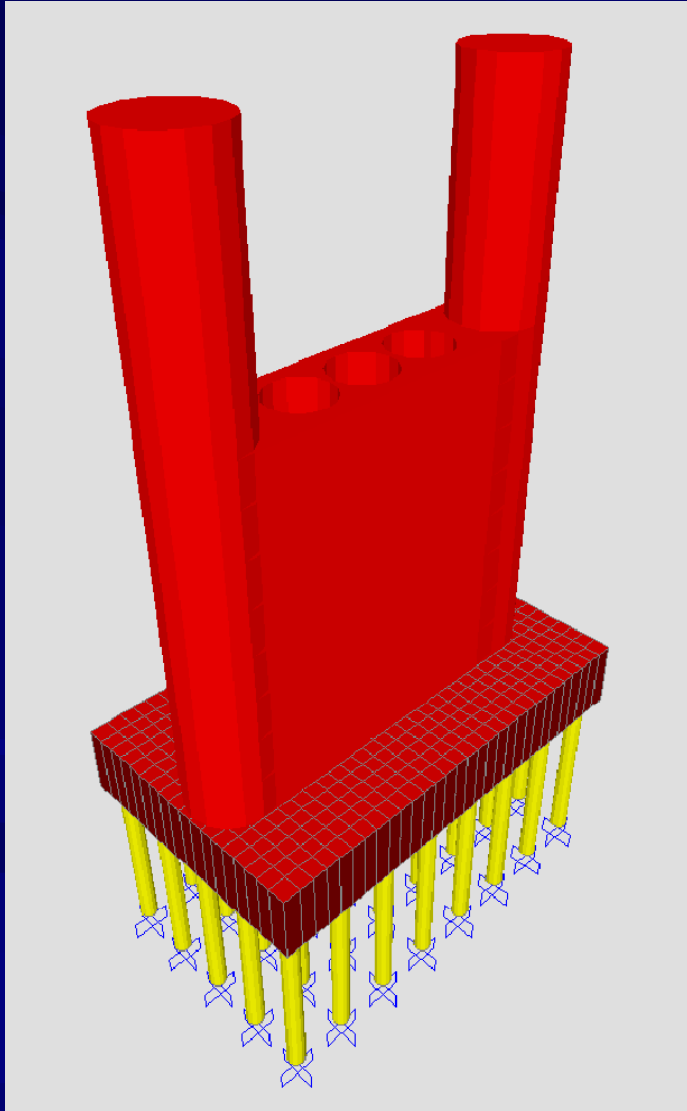
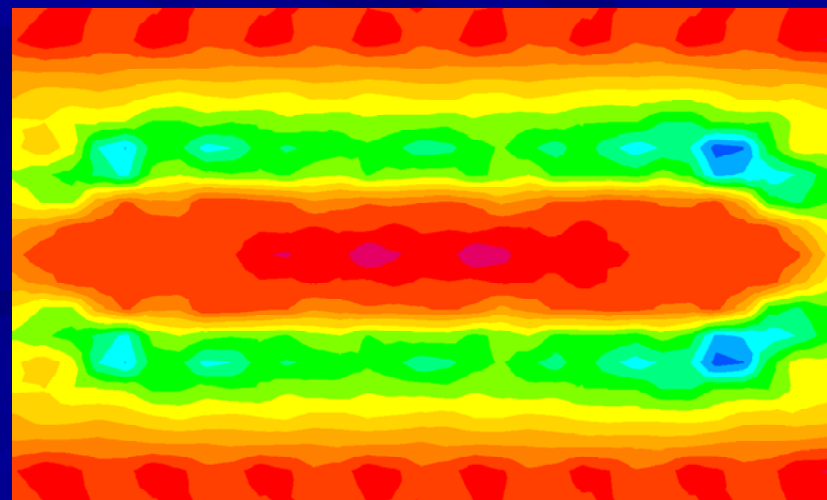
Detail of pile to cap connection

SAP 2000 FEM Analysis

Moment in longitudinal direction



Moment in transverse direction



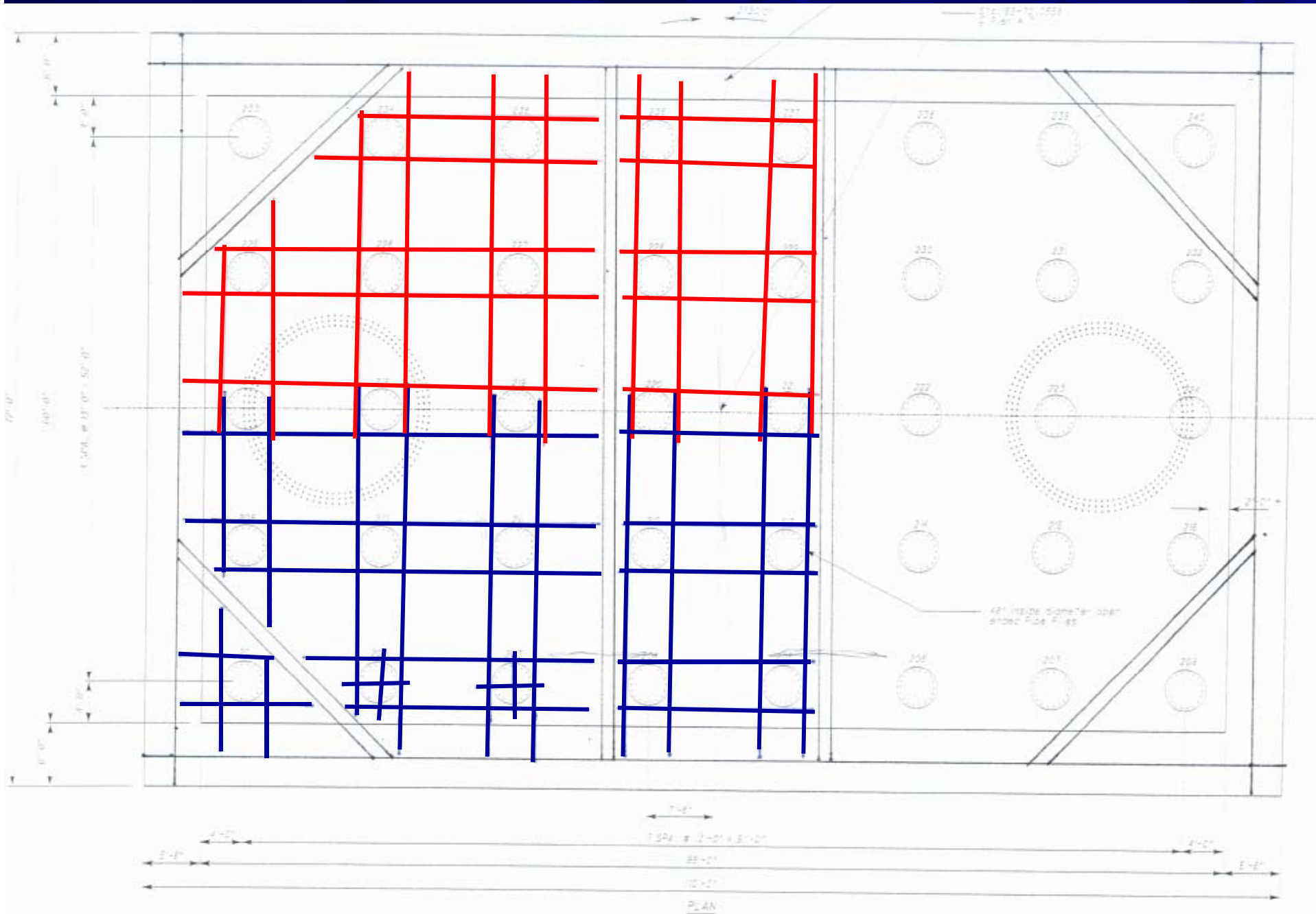
Pile Design

- Structural Design
- Geotechnical Design
- Scour (35 Feet)
- Barge Impact Load (6600 Kips)
- Drivability
- Pile wall thickness (1 inch)
- Pile reinforcement (18 # 11 top 50 feet)
- Pile plug (5 feet ?)



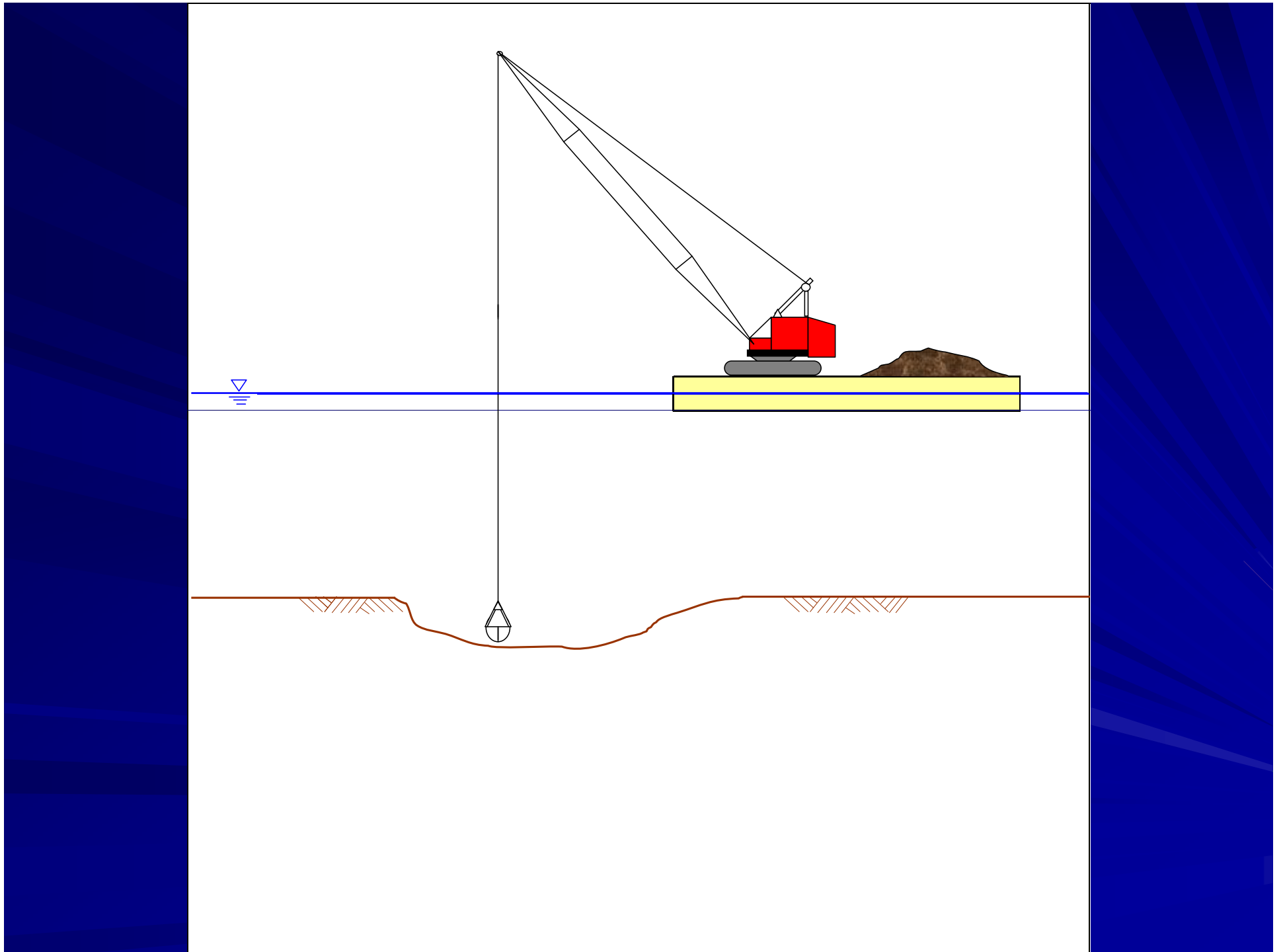
Pier 7 Pile Loads

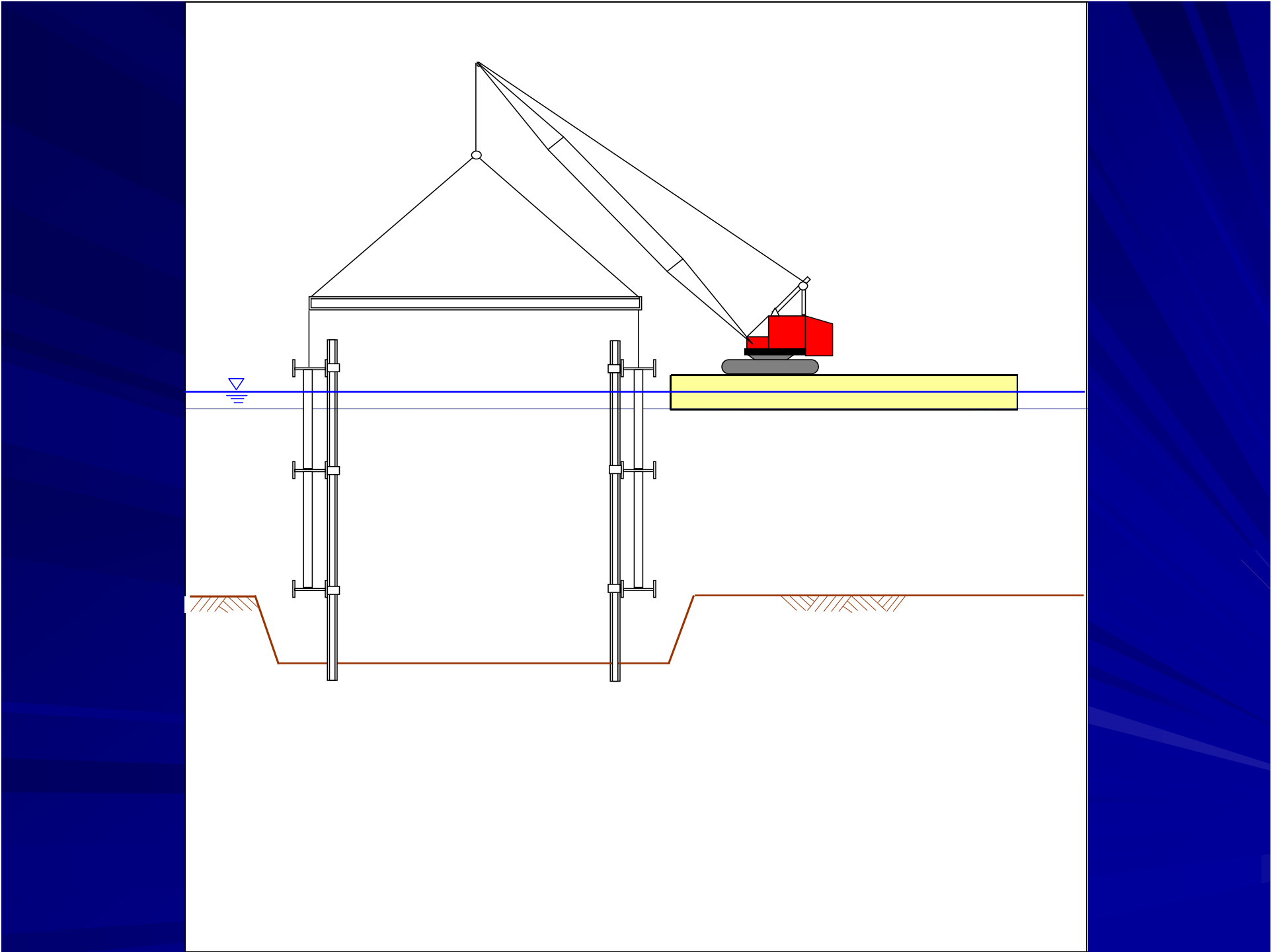
- Load on 48 inch OEP Pile
 - Design = 870 Tons
 - Ultimate = 1960 Tons
- Dynamic Load Test Measurements
 - EOID = ?
 - BOR = 2150 Tons

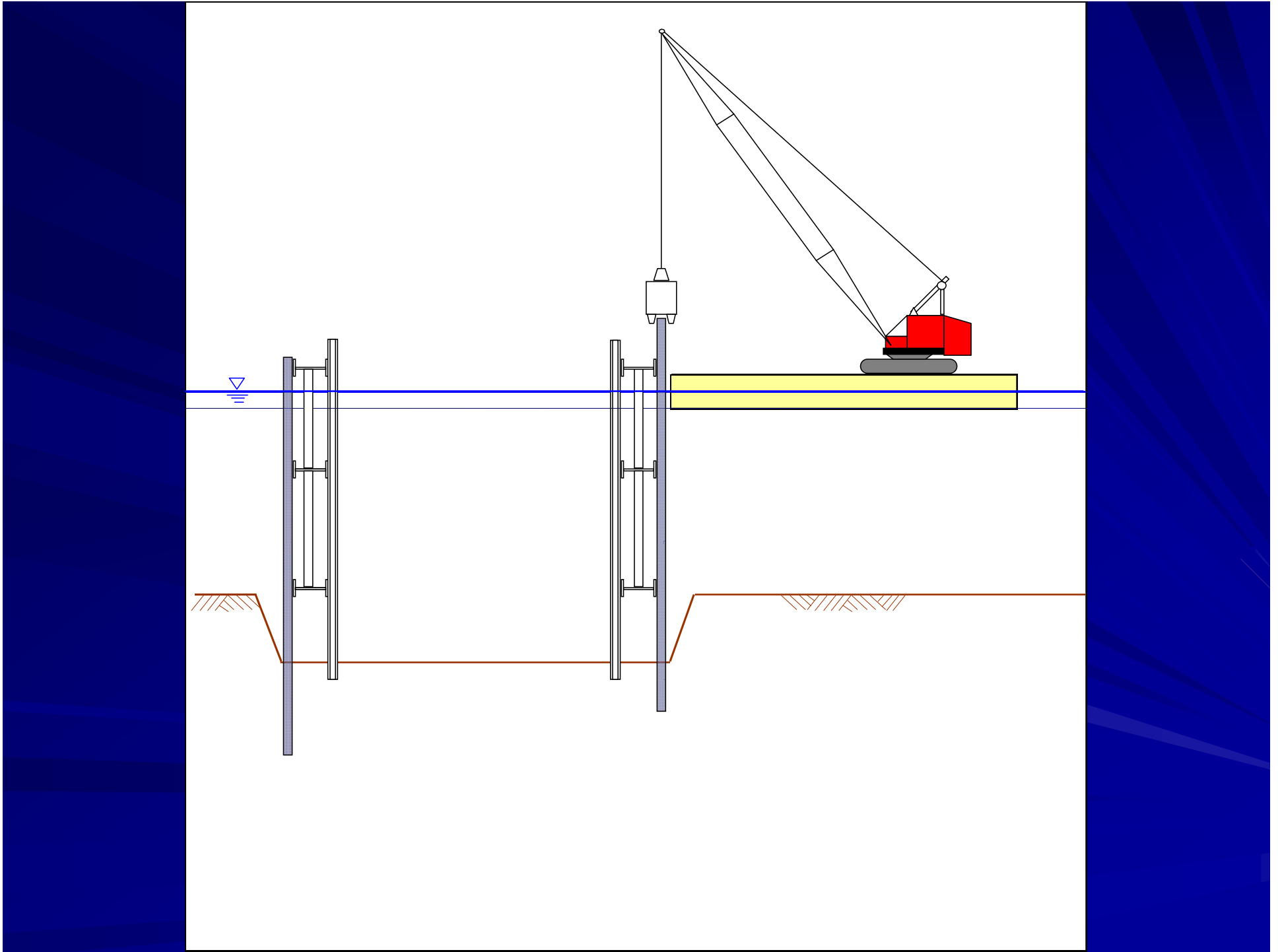


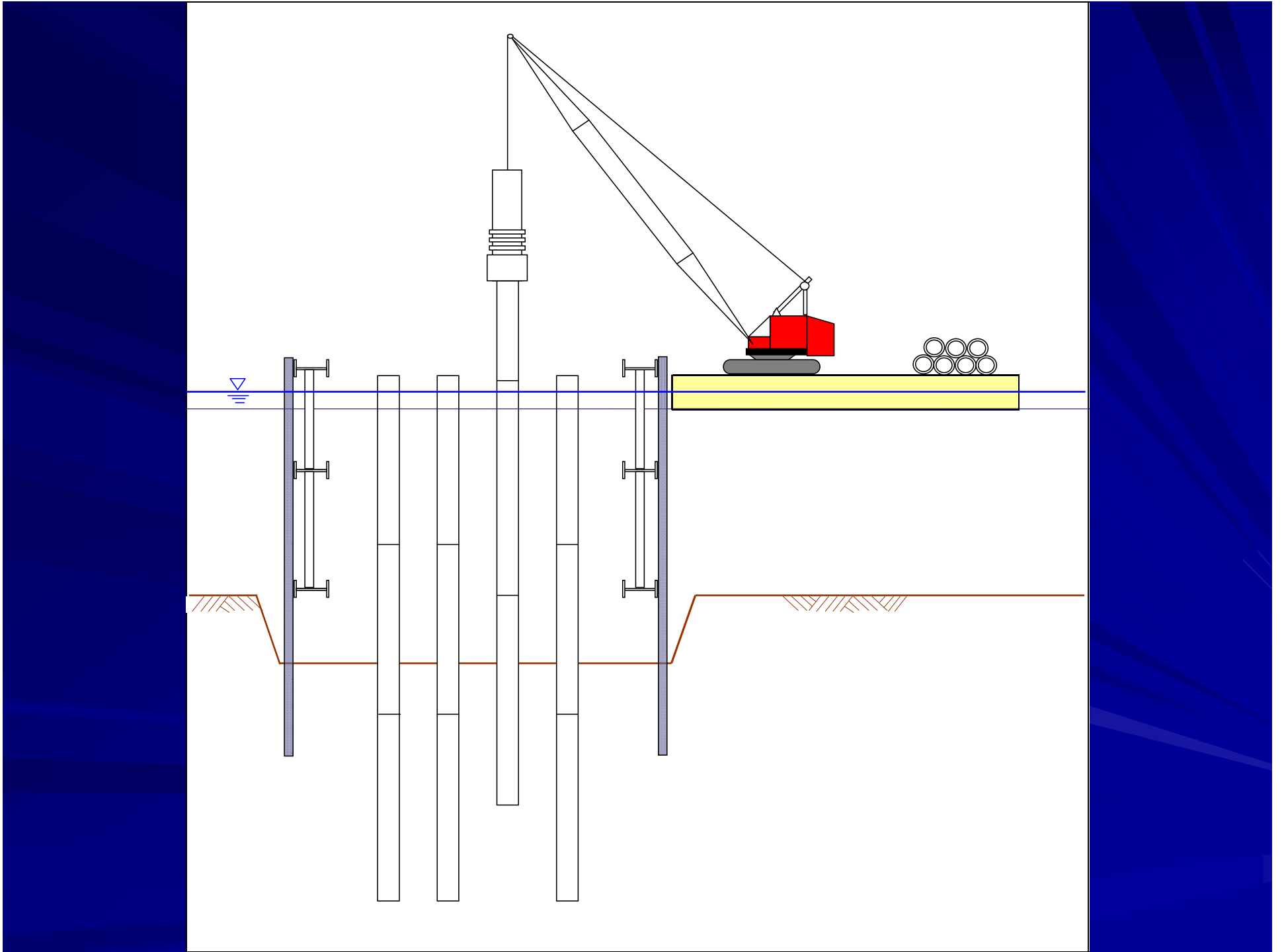
Pier 7 Construction

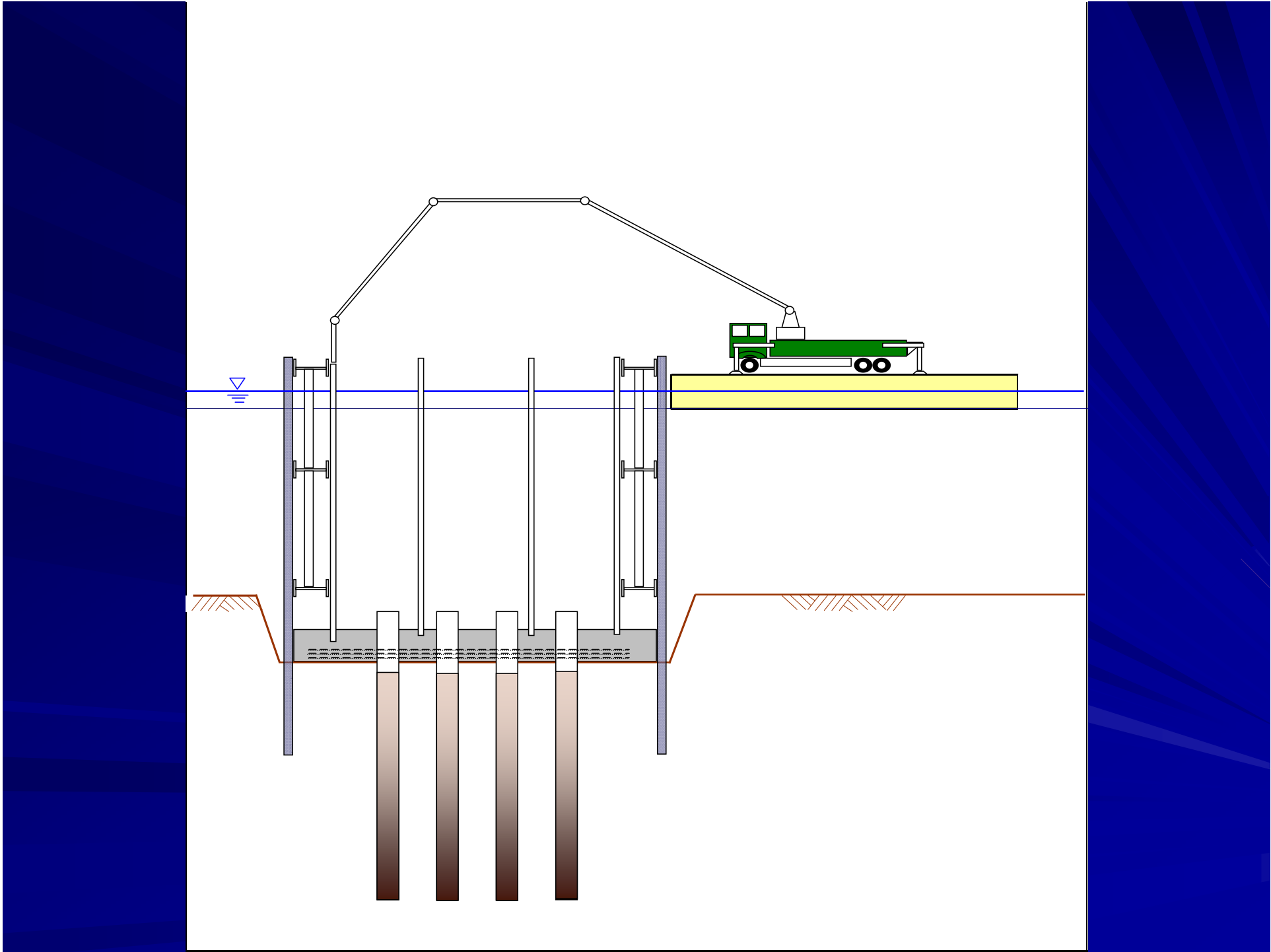


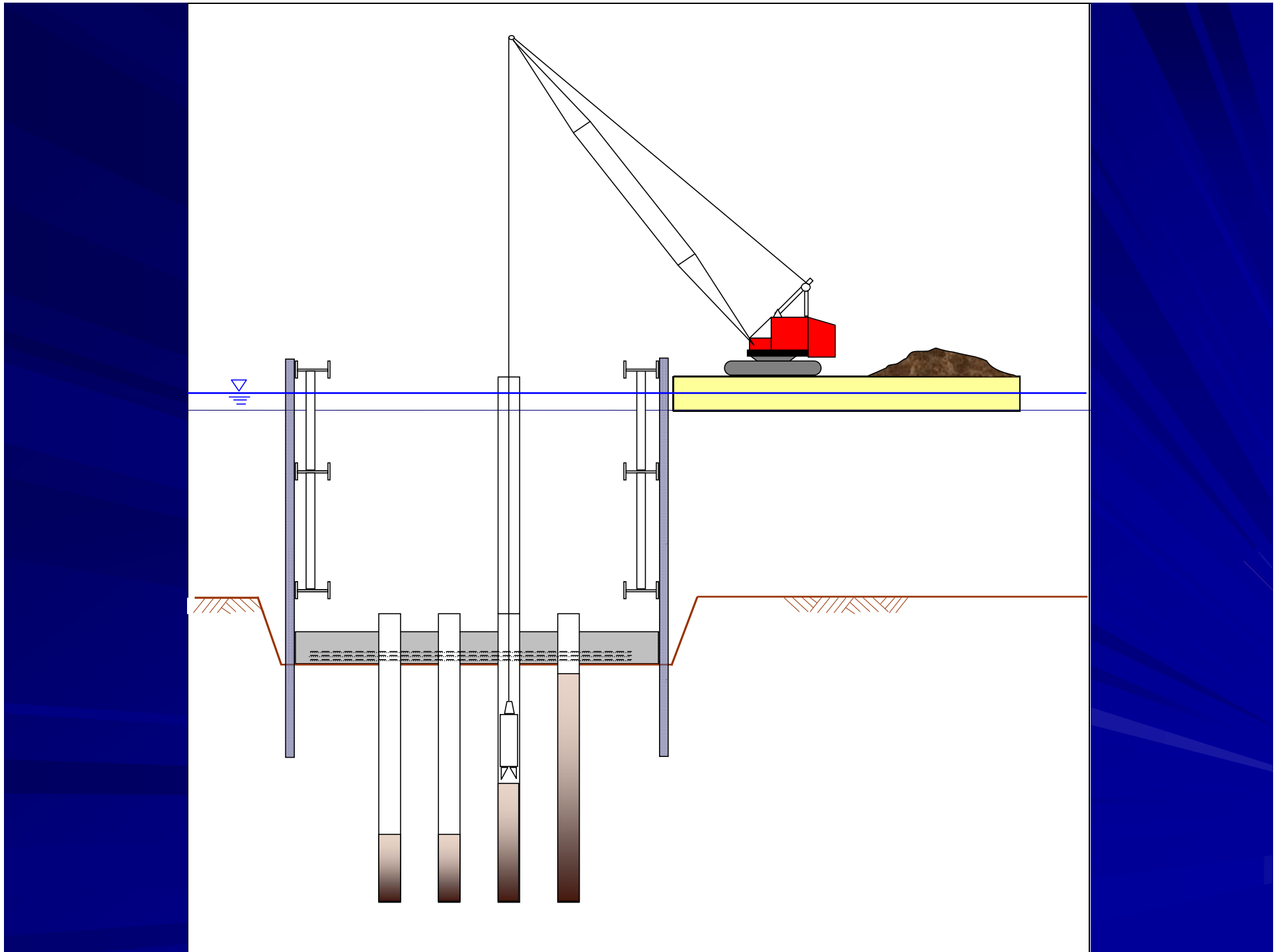


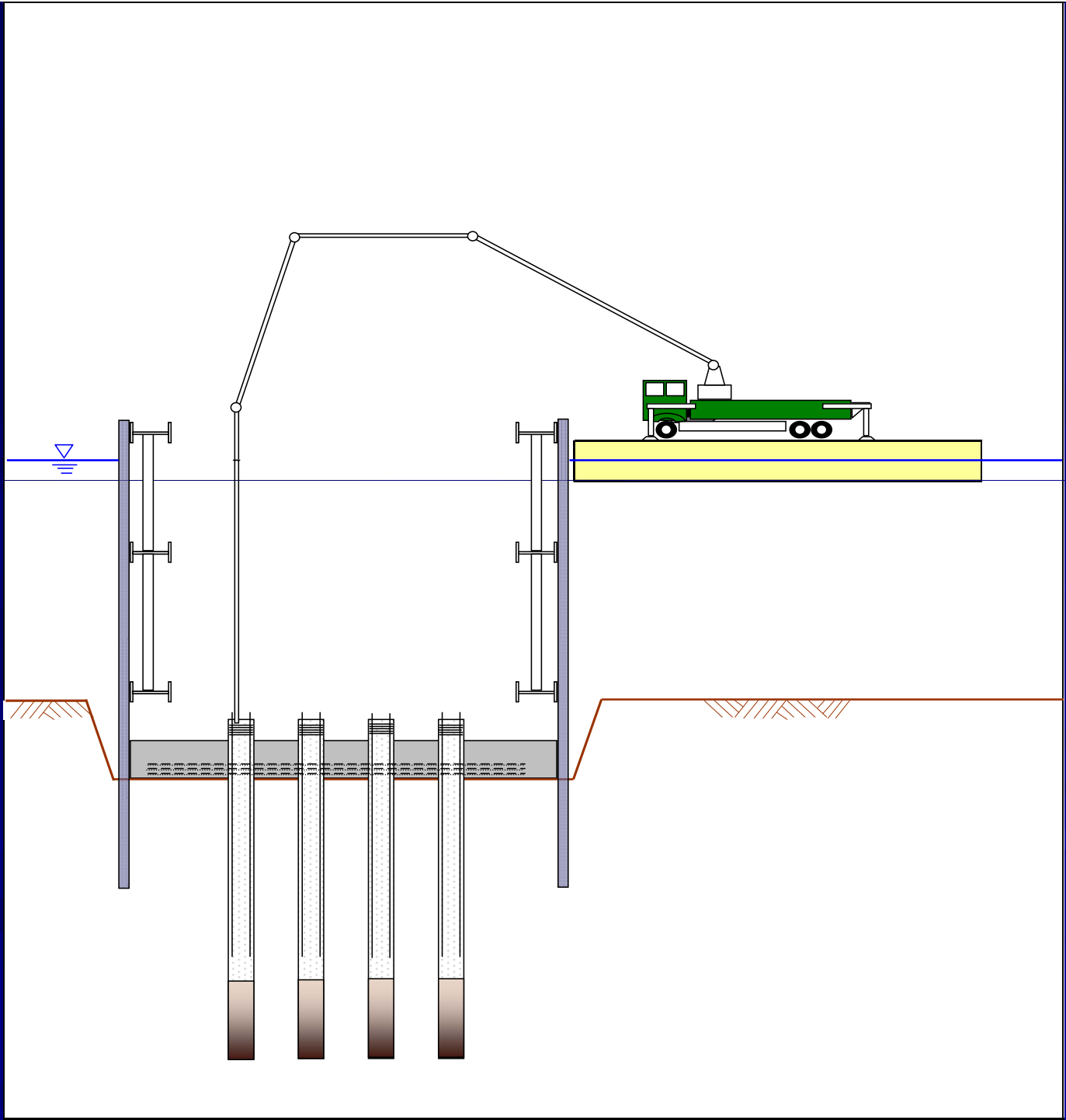


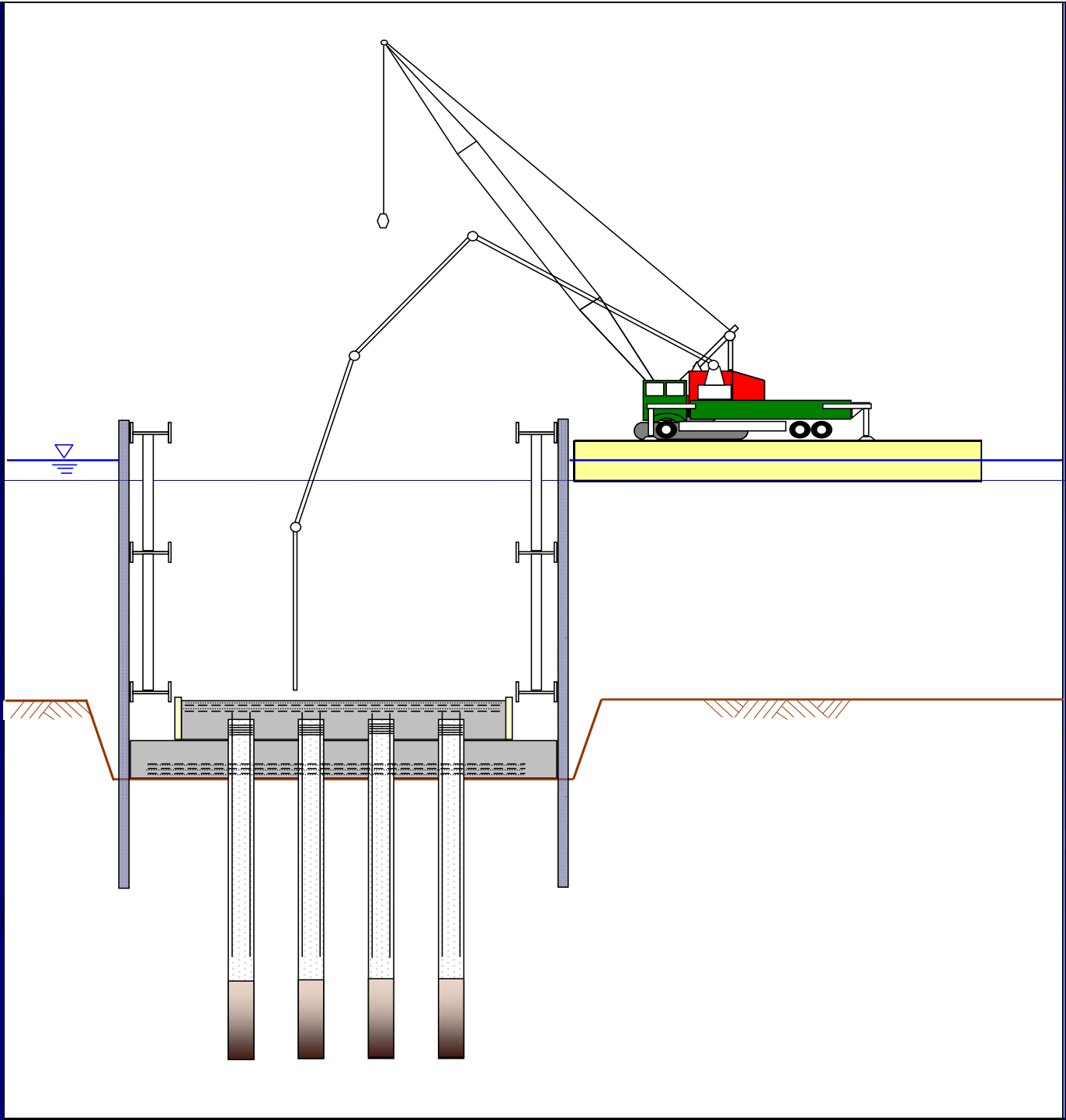


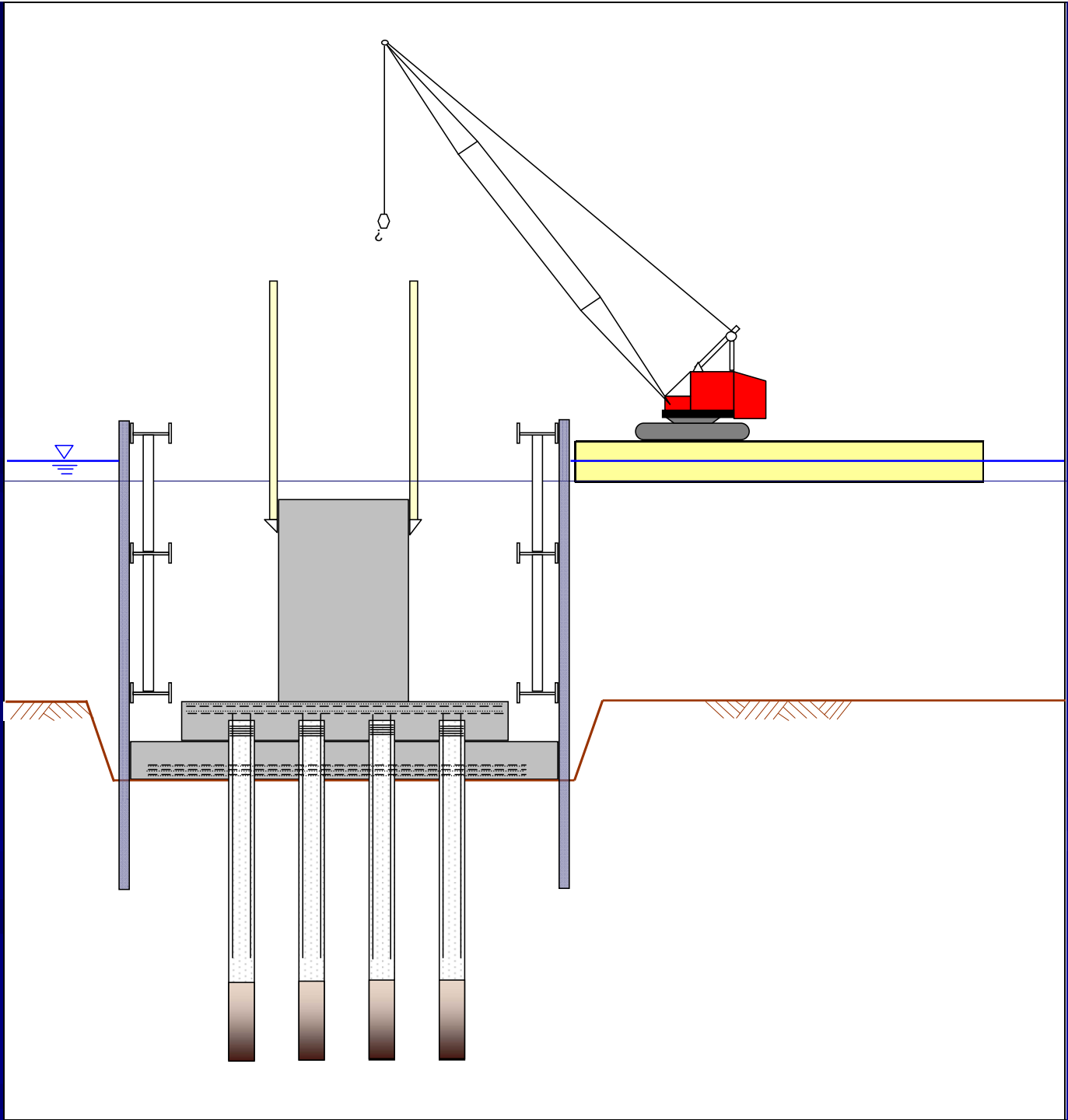


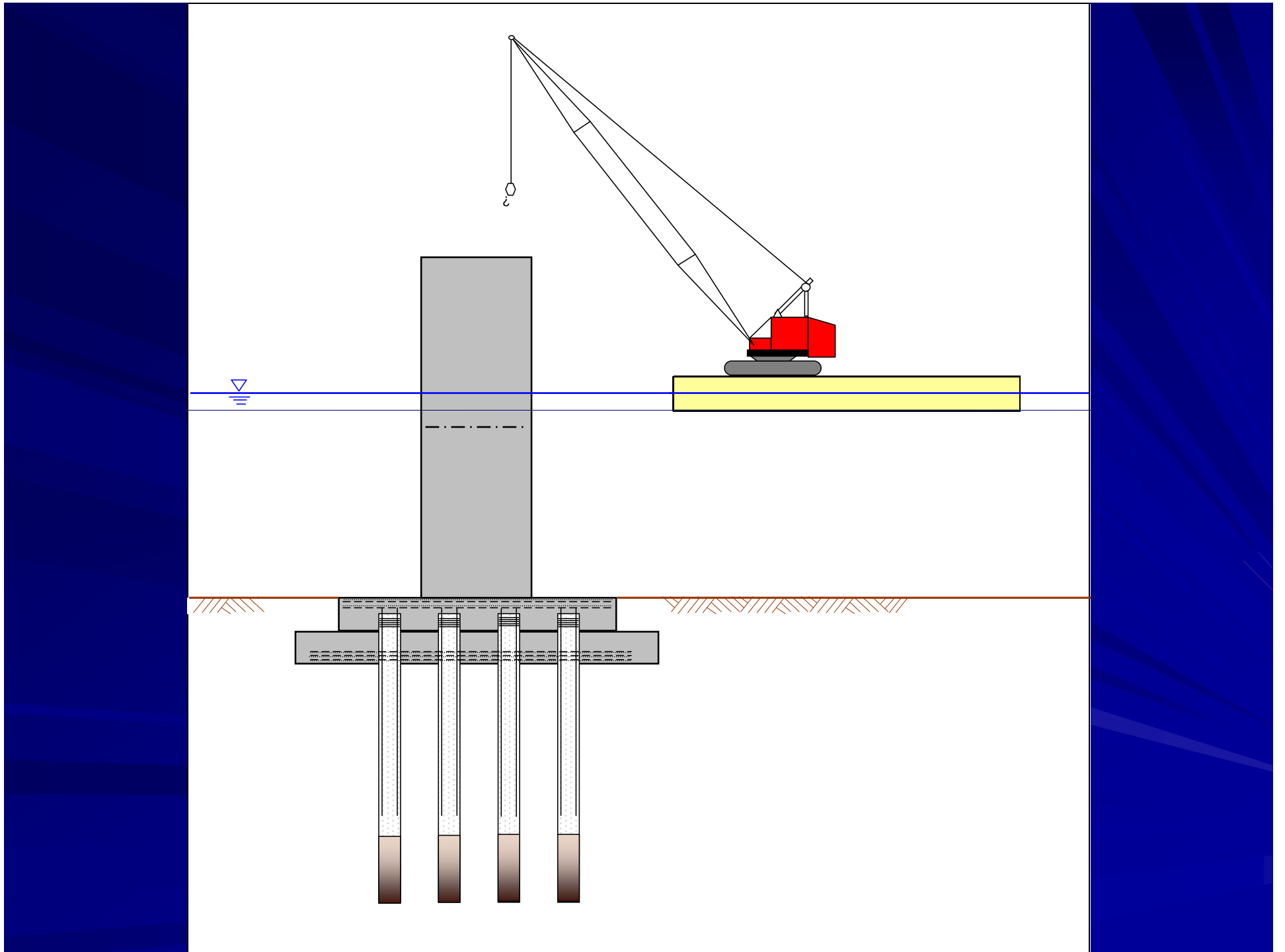












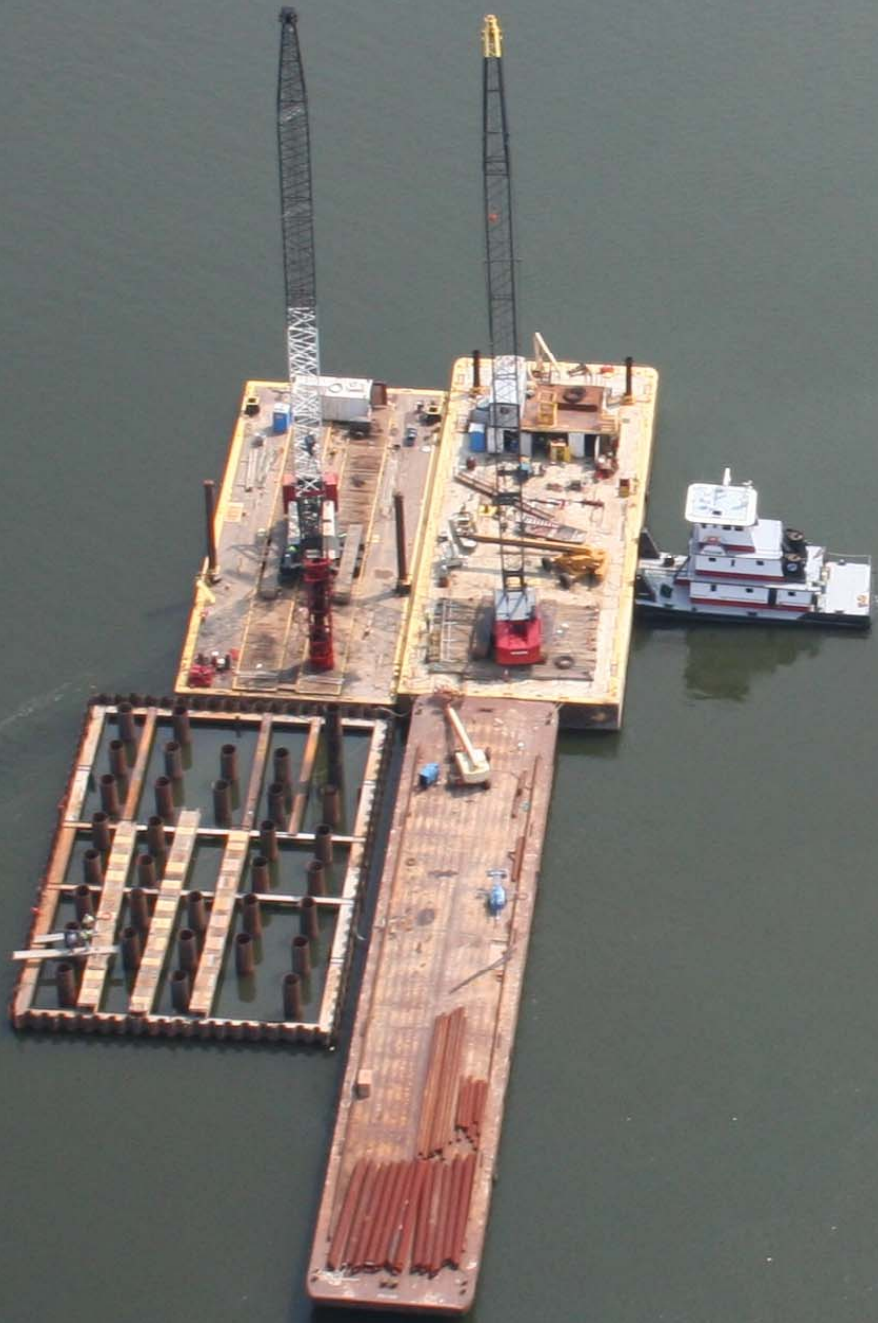
















10/20/2007







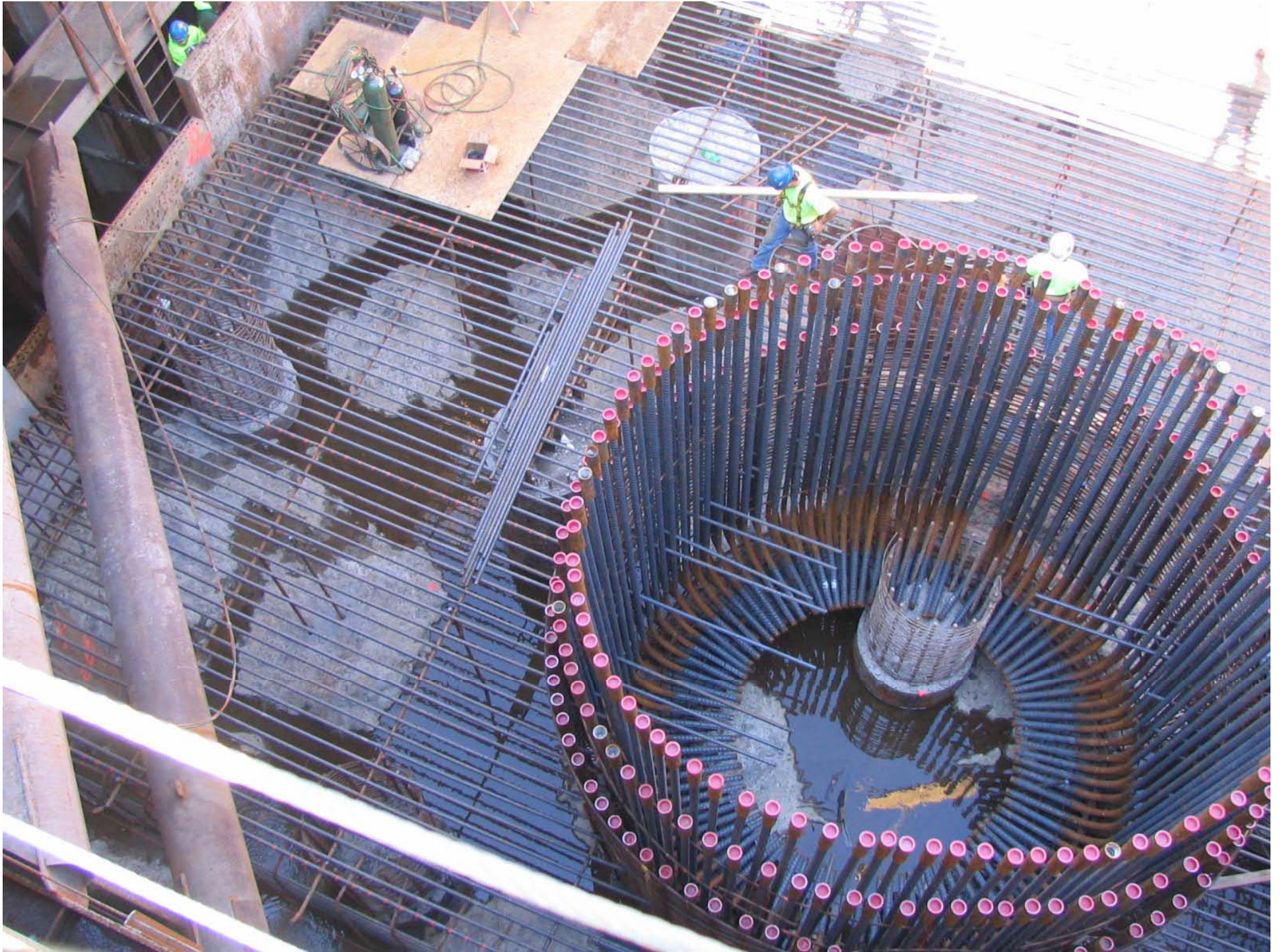






09/10/2008











N

(H)
-0' Test Pile
R+
1: 201+20.00

Tennessee River

360~HP14x73 @ 4'-0" = 116'-0" (12 Each Space)

58'-0"

22'-0"

11~SPACES @ 4'-0"=44'-0"

3'-30"

#201-#230
#231-#260
#261-#290
#291-#320
#321-#350
#351-#380

#381-#410
#411-#440
#441-#470
#471-#500
#501-#530
#531-#560

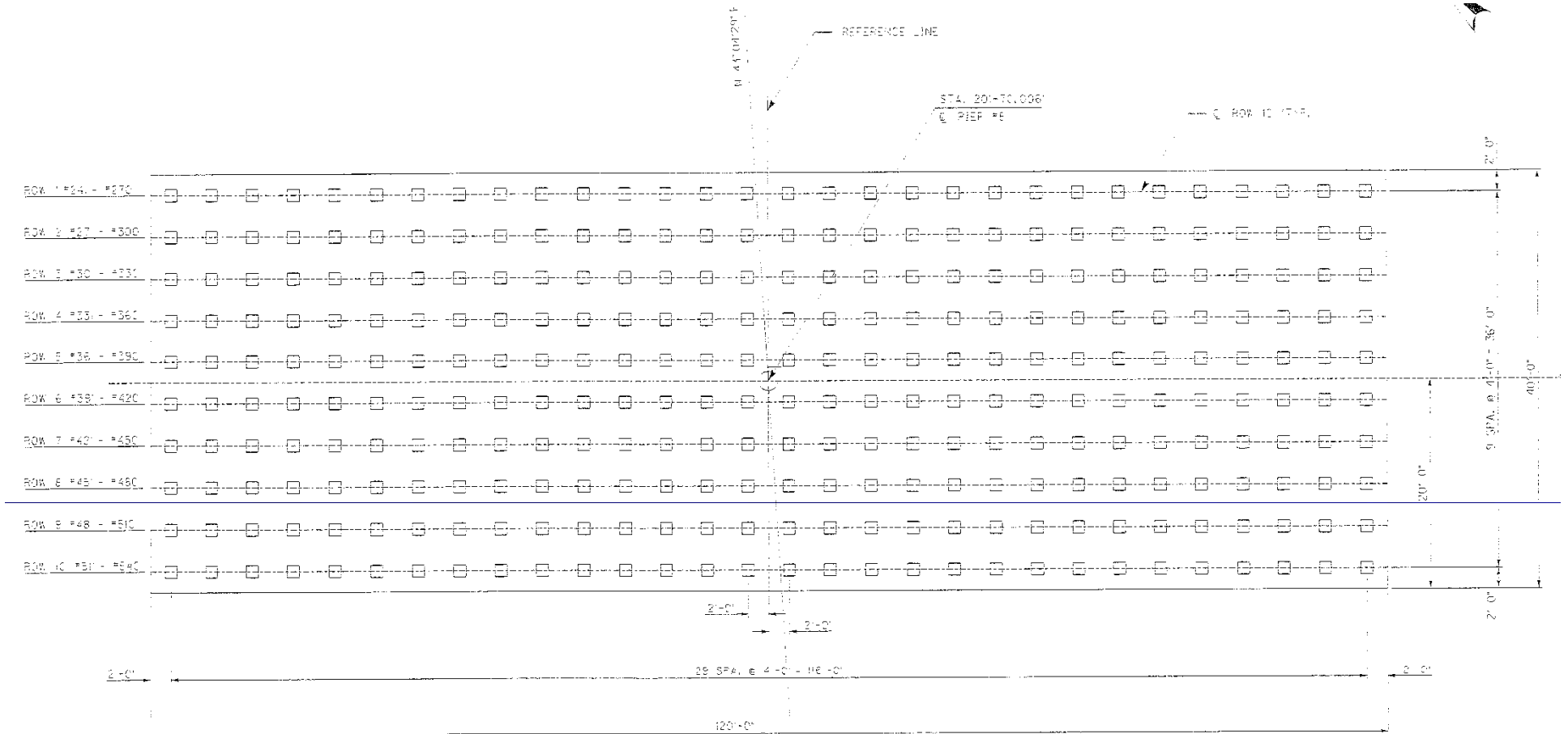
Sta. 201+70.0061
Pier #8

N 43
Bridge

Pier #8

REV	
DATE:	July 2005
DESIGNED BY:	A. Frank
DETAILED BY:	W. T. Mot
Common DEPARTMENT	

Pier 8 Plan: 360 ea. 14" Steel H-Piles @ 56'



Plan

14" Square Precast Prestressed Reinforced Concrete Piles

Pier #8 VECP: 300 each 14" Precast Concrete Piles @ 40'





Pier #8





Pier #9